WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
HAMSHER & CALHOUN,
B. K. HAMSHER. | W. F. CALHOUN.
Office—126 South Water Street, opposite the court house.

TERMS:
Per Annum, in Advance,.. .... $1.00
If not paid in Advance,...... .... 1.50

LOCAL NEWS.

THE county board is in session at the court house.

NOVELTIES in gent's scarfs at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Co.

SUPERIOR dinners and splendid oyster stews at Combs' restaurant.

WORK has been resumed at the C. C. C. mines at Niantic, after a long period of idleness.

BORN, to Mr. and Mrs J. W. Reeves, of 821 North Union street, on Sunday, Sept. 6, a son.

NEARLY all of the Decatur trotting and pacing horses will go in the races at Springfield this week.

THE Moweaqua fair is in progress. The grounds are devoid of shade, but the equipment is excellent.

MRS. J. GUNKLE, aged 48 years, died this morning at her home near La Place, leaving a husband and two sons.

SATURDAY afternoon J. J. Finn, master in chancery, sold the Honsman 40-acre tract of land south of Decatur to John A. McDaniel at $64 per acre—total $2,560.

SCHOOL begins at Maroa September 14 with the following teachers: B. F. Shipley, principal; W. W. Kyle, Misses Lura Smith, Clara Jones, Agnes Compton, Anna Moyer and Fracia Hill.

THE standard pianos all the time are the Haines, Everett and Sterling instruments, to be had only at C. B. Prescott's music parlor. See them and you will buy.

THE 12th annual reunion of the Old Settlers of Logan county will be held at Mt. Pulaski September 15. The speakers will be Hon. E. S. Wilson, Judge Tipton and Hon. Lawrence Weldon. There will be a balloon ascension, parachute drop, silk badges and other souvenirs.

THE same date that Barnum is here, Friday, Sept. 18, The McLean & Prescott Company will appear at the Grand in the evening, giving their great play, "Cleopatra," which will be produced with their own special scenery. The company is a fine one.

IN her will the late Miss Flo Carter left a building lot at St. Paul, Minn, to her brothers, C. C. Carter and Henry Prather. Mrs. Mary H. Roach, this city, is the executrix. Her bond is $1000. The personal effects were bequeathed to personal friends of the deceased.

Jack Medford in Jail.

Saturday afternoon Jack Medford, the barber on North Water street, was arrested in Central Park on a serious charge. He is accused with having made a criminal assault upon Pearl Jones and Minnie Cook, aged 9 and 10 years respectively. He was taken before Justice Hammer, where he waived examination. Bail was fixed at $500 in each case and in default of bail Medford went to jail to await the action of the grand jury, which will begin its session Sept. 28. The alleged facts of the assault are too indecent for publication. Medford enters a general denial and says his arrest is a blackmailing scheme.

JACK MEDFORD gave bail last evening for his appearance at the September term of court and he was discharged by Justice Curtis from the custody of Sheriff Parl. The sureties are Attorneys J. M. Gray and D. Hutchison.

Married Last Evening.

From Wednesday's Daily.

A congregation of seventy-five assembled at the German Methodist church last evening to witness the marriage of Charles B. Hughes and Miss Anna K. Fahrnkopf. The ceremony took place at 8 o'clock, Rev. Heidl officiating. Following the ceremony, which was in English, the company assembled at the home of the groom's parents on East Eldorado street and passed the evening most pleasantly with congratulations, conversation and delicious refreshments.

Mr. and Mrs. Hughes departed on the midnight train for St. Paul and Duluth, on a bridal tour of ten days, after which they will return to this city and at once commence housekeeping on East North street. The REPUBLICAN unites with a host of friends in extending to Mr. Hughes and his estimable bride the best of wishes for their future happiness.

Matrimonial.

From Tuesday's Daily

The wedding of Bain Walston, son of Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Walston, and Miss Lola Carver, step-daughter of Judge Trogdon, will occur at the home of the bride at Paris, Ill., at 9:30 a. m. to-morrow. The families of Dr. Walston and A. T. Sammers will witness the ceremony. The couple will reside at Chicago, where Bain will finish his studies at Rush Medical College.

Will M. Martin, salesman at Waggoner & Downing's shoe store, departed this morning for Rosemond, where on Wednesday afternoon he will be married to Miss Lillian C. Peniwell, daughter of Mrs. Kate Peniwell. They will return to Decatur on Wednesday night, and will at once go to housekeeping in a new house at 1362 North Main street, recently built and furnished by the groom.

The marriage of Miss Louise Walston, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Walston, to Mr. Percival Chubb, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, will be solemnized Wednesday, September 30th, at the home of the bride's parents on North Main street. Mr. Chubb has visited Decatur and has made many warm friends. He is a lecturer of some note and a college graduate. Miss Walston is a graduate of Smith College, Northampton, Mass.

Circuit Court Petit Jurors.

To-day the following persons were drawn to serve as petit jurors at the September term of the Macon county circuit court, which will convene on the 28th:

First and second weeks—Henry Wheat, Theo. Coleman, C. P. Warfield, Michael Farner, John S. Stoy, Edward Phillips, Harry Fisk, jr., H. M. Willard, C. F. Shilling, H. C. Wallace, Levi Moore, D. S. May, George W. Meyer, Lou. H. Abel, W. E. Cromby, B. F. Bobo, Andrew Seiler and Jesse Fisher, Decatur; Lewis Stich, Milam; C. H. Baker and J. M. Logan, Long Creek; Henry Seamon, George Mertz and J. P. Dilling, Whitmore; Patrick Connaghan, Niantic; John Trowbridge and C. L. Hadley, Austin; J. J. Wallace and George W. Jones, Mt. Zion; John Funk and S. E. Warrick, Macon; W. H. Torrence, Friends Creek; John Dillinger, Maroa; J. T. Powell and Sol Williamson, Hickory; Jefferson Cloney, Wheatland.

Third and Fourth Weeks—Barry Sears, Thomas Waxenberger, L. F. Martin, Orville Ewing, C. F. Churchman, E. S. McCarty, E. W. Hill, James Wright, J. C. Gogerty, S. A. Tuttle, William Blank, Michael Clark C. T. Kellam, Charles Bachman and I. N. Cool, Decatur; Geo. Kepler, John Leinbert, Henry Wykoff, Thomas Clinton, Maroa; J. B. Becket, Pleasant View; J. H. Cook and Ed Witt, Illini; Zenith Halett and John Gordon, Niantic; Sol Williamson and R. F. McCoy, Oakley; Franklin Muirhead and C. M. Campbell, Harristown; O. M. Scott, Mt. Zion; William Barber, Milam; Lewis Myers and John E. Rooker, Long Creek; J. T. Lebo and Robert Bivans, Macon; John Zitarell and John Moffett, Blue Mound.

Coming Next Week.

Friday evening Sept. 18 (same date as Barnum), The McLean & Prescott Company will appear at the Grand Opera House in their great production of "Cleopatra." This company has appeared here on several occasions, always giving the best of satisfaction. This season they are making a special feature of "Cleopatra," carrying special scenery for the entire play. Those from the country and adjoining towns, attending the Barnum show in the day time can visit the Grand in the evening and see one of the grandest performances of the season.

Died.

Glenn G. Darling, son of Mr. and Mrs H. C. Darling, at their residence 1054 North College street at 2:20 this a. m., of typhoid fever, aged 9 years, 4 months and 11 days, being their only son, leaving mother, father, and one sister to mourn his loss. He was a bright and intelligent little boy, and the pride of his father, mother and sister, beloved by all who knew him.

DIED.

At her late residence, Englewood, Ill., Friday forenoon, September 4th, Mrs. Mary T. Taylor, beloved wife of France J. Taylor, who formerly lived in Decatur and was a hardware merchant on Water street.

Mrs. Taylor had been a sufferer for the past four years, and for the last year was not able to leave her bed. She leaves three sons and two daughters, who were with her when she died.

The remains will be taken to Rochester, Ill. Sunday, September 6th, for interment.

At the home of the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Swartz, east of Decatur, Sunday evening, Sept. 6th, of typhoid fever, Lulu, aged 12 years.

FOUR marriage licenses were issued today. To Henry Lingeman, of Patoka, Ill., and Miss Rosette Waller, of Kenney; to Elmer O. Morris, of Decatur, and Miss Myrtle Burt, of Wheatland; to Frank Aikin, of Hickory township, and Miss Laura Crockett, of Decatur; and to Hugh Park, of Troutman, and Miss Laura Weltman, of Beersdale.

BEAUTIFUL Blankets very cheap at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Co.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.— U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE ILLINOIS GRAND LODGE

MEETING AND BUSINESS OF THE STATE GOOD TEMPLARS.

Lecture by John Sobieski To-Night at the First Methodist Church.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The 38th session of the Grand Lodge opened to-day at 10 o'clock with the following officers present:

G. C. T., Uriah Copp, Loda.
G. V. T., Mrs. O. Myrhman, Chicago.
G. S., R. J. Hazlett, Rockford.
G. T., Geo. P. Harrington, Edinburg.
G. S. J. T., Mrs. Eva N. Myer, Chicago.
G. C. G., Thomas Long, Decatur.
G. Mess., E. I. Sweeney, Babylon.
G. A. S., Rev. Geo. M. Bassett.
G. M., D. A. Gamble, Moline.
G. D. M., Mrs. M. M. Knowles, Chicago

Appointments were made as follows:

Past G. C. T., C. G. Hayman, Chicago.
G. C., Joseph Kelley, Chicago.
G. Chaplain, Hon. John Sobieski.
I. T. G., Miss Hattie Coleman, Decatur.

The Committee on Credentials, consisting of R. J. Hezlett, Joseph Kelley and D. A. Gamble, submitted a partial report, showing an unusually large attendance, after which the Grand Lodge degree was conferred on nearly a hundred representatives, who attend Grand Lodge for the first time.

Rev. Geo. M. Basset, of Lena, offered the following resolutions for the government of the session:

First—That all resolutions be reduced to writing and placed on the Secretary's table before being considered by the Grand Lodge.

Second—That all resolutions requiring legislation be first submitted to the appropriate committee, and all resolutions requiring the expenditure of money be first submitted to the Finance Committee.

Third—That no member be permitted to speak upon any question to exceed five minutes, unless permitted by the Grand Lodge.

Fourth—That the election of officers of the Grand Lodge be made a special order for the afternoon sitting of Wednesday, immediately after the reading of the journal.

Fifth—That the sittings of the Grand Lodge be from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and 2 p. m. to 5 30 p. m., and from 7 30 p. m. to adjournment, except this evening.

Sixth—That the Grand Lodge work in the Subordinate Degree.

Seventh—That the roll of members be called at each sitting immediately after the opening exercises, and a permanent record made of the presence or absence of the members.

DELEGATES.

Among the delegates in attendance are the following:

J. W. Green, Altamont.
Minnie Carway, Chrisman.
M. L. Cole Ramsey.
W. E. Doyle, Miss Cora E. Barranger and Miss Jennie Allen, Galesburg.
D. A. Gamble, Moline.
J. A. Vannatta, C. G. Hayman, G. T. Gates, R. C. Elliott, H. T. Roop, J. C. James, J. M. Ingraham, Mrs. M. A. Chafee, Mrs. Myers, Mrs. E. A. Mills, Neils Juul, Christian Nicholaysen, A. Anderson, Dr. M. C. Moran, Joseph Keeley, C. G. Hendleberg, Miss C. Hultgren, Jennie Gustafson, Helma Scholla, Ann Gronquest, Ake Aklund, P. J. Nelson, Gred Goranson, W. Graff, of Chicago.
C. O. Miller, Rockford.
Mrs. Mary Blake, Barry.
Frank Tuttle, Elgin.
Charles San, Sandoval.
W. Wilton, Huey.
N. W. Tanner, Sparland.
C. S. Langston, Noble.
J. G. Stroh, Oakford.
R. M. Noon, Todd's Point.
C. J. Johnson, Donovan.
C. S. Masterson, Atwood.
C. O. Miller, Rockford.
Mrs. Mary Blake, Berry.
Frank Tuttle, Elgin.
M. L. McKinley, Freeport.
Charles Elliott, Champaign.
Mrs. Cooper, Dana.
J. H. Rainey, Butler.
C. A. Ruby, Champaign.
J. E. Menard, Leland.
Robert I. Gray, Freedom.
W. G. Crane, Hoopeston.
H. L. Merrick, Hunt City.
E. M. Six, Argenta.
U. F. Linder, Will McComas, Chicago.
Mrs. Eva Gunn, Jacksonville.
Mrs. M. C. Hoffmer, Havana.
S. E. Lewder, J. G. Thompson, Lewder.
S. E. Smith, Babylon.
S. S. Edwards, Edwardsville.
G. C. Korb, Walshville.
Rev. George M. Bassett, Lena.
Frank Wilmer, Oconee.
A. Paine, Rosemond.
Z. Wright, Durand.
J. M. Finch, Galesburg.
Col. Long, Yates City.
Rev. L. Taylor, Milford.
R. J. Farris, New Holland.
Ed Bevers, La Place.
E. M. Wren, Hammond.
C. W. Johnson, Chicago.
Geo. F. Harrington, Edinburg.
Annie Atwood, Stillman Valley.
B. A. Tyler, Monroe.
Chas. Danford, Owaneco.
S. J. Cripe, La Place.
A. S. Currie, St. Anne.

Last night there was a largely attended and very earnest meeting in the interest of the Juvenile Temple work. Mrs. Eva Myer, of Chicago, State Superintendent, presided. D. L. Bunn led the opening song. Short but pointed talks were then made, all of which favored more vigorous and practical work for the children and the devising of a financial plan for better juvenile organization. Among the speakers were Grand Chief Templar Copp of Loda; Grand Secretary Hazlett, of Rockford; C. G. Hayman, Mrs. E. A. Mills, Mrs. Fyfe, Neils Juul, J. H. Monroe, Will McComas, R. C. Elliott, all of Chicago; Rev. Cole, of Ramsey; A. F. Smith, of Decatur; E. I. Sweeney, of Check Rowe, and a paper by Mrs. Ritchie, of Warrensburg. Quite [illegible] was raised by a proposition [illegible] the juvenile pledge against the use of intoxicants, tobacco, profanity and gambling to all who would [illegible] but some of the devotees of the weed objected. Twenty new [illegible] for the Juvenile however, came forward.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Juul and Gates, of Chicago, and Mrs. Ritchie, of Warrensburg, were selected to report a financial plan for Juvenile Temple work.

[illegible]

The report on Juvenile Temple work was very encouraging. There were 19 Temples formed in 1889, and 21 in 1890.

[illegible]

Committees were appointed by the Chief Templar as follows:

Distribution [illegible] and U. [illegible]

Appeals—Joseph Kelley, Neils Juur and C. A. Lucas.

State of Order—R. R. Elliott, Rev. G. E. Taylor and Anna Gronquist.

Temperance Literature—Hattie Coleman, J. F. Cody and H. T. Roop.

Constitution—D. L. Bunn, Col. Long and E. I. Sweney.

Mrs. M. E. Gilmore, of Chicago, presented the claims of a World's Fair entertainment association and was endorsed by the Grand Lodge.

Several short addresses were delivered.

The official press reporter was elected. A. F. Smith, of Decatur, and R. C. Elliott, of Chicago, were the candidates. Mr. Smith was elected by a majority of 10 votes.

SECRETARY HAZLETT'S REPORT.

The standing of the order in the state to date is given in the following official

SUMMARY.

Number of lodges last report	267
Organized during the year	101
Reorganized	12
Total	380
Lodges forfeited charters	88
Surrendered	3
	91
Present number of lodges	289
Net gain of lodges	22

Present total membership—

Sisters	5023
Brothers	6230
Total	11249
Net gain in membership	1472

FINANCIAL.

Total receipts	$9,021 81
Total expense	7,334 74
Balance on hand	$1,637 07

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9.

The Grand Lodge met at 10 a. m. today at the hall of Decatur Lodge.

The Committee on Credentials reported a number of new delegates.

Resolutions were offered asking the World's Fair managers to close the exhibition on the Sabbath, and in favor of voting for such candidates and parties as are in favor of prohibition, which were referred to the proper committees.

The Committee on Temperance Literature reported as follows, which was unanimously adopted:

Your Committee would respectfully submit the following: With gratitude of heart to God for his blessing on our work during the past year we look forward with hope that during the coming year the divine favor may continue with us. In regard to the Good Templar course of study for members of the order: We would urge the value of the work upon all and recommend that the officers of the subordinate lodges be urged to make this a part of the exercises for the good of the order. Further we recommend that the distribution of tracts, giving information in regard to the work of the order, and also giving matter of value bearing on the general work of the prohibition cause be earnestly pursued.

Your Committee would call the attention of the members of the Grand Lodge of the order to the necessity of supporting the temperance papers of this State that devote considerable space to Good Templar news. In the dissemination of the news of the working of our order we recognize an all-powerful factor in keeping the body of the membership cheered up. We would respectfully call attention to the *Lever*, published in Chicago, which is devoting columns to the order in the State. We also commend the *State Sentinel*, of Decatur. The magazine published by the R. G. W. S., known as the *International Good Templar*, should be taken by every wide-awake Good Templar who is desirous of keeping himself informed of the work of our order all over the world.

HATTIE COLEMAN,
J. V. CODY,
H. T. ROOP.

The report of the Committee on Finance, after a general and prolonged discussion, was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Constitution was adopted. It declared against the uniform constitution and in favor of giving County Lodges representation in District and Grand Lodge, and against changing the time of Grand Lodge meeting.

The Methodist Conference.

The Illinois Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to convene at Bloomington Sept. 15, to remain in session until Sept. 21, will bring together 600 ministerial and lay delegates. Bishop Warren will preside. Sketch of exercises:

Sept. 15—Examinations.

Sept. 16—Holy communion; conference session, missionary sermon by Rev. E. B. Randle; opening remarks by the Bishop.

Sept. 17—Old veterans' service by Rev. J. B. Hamilton; conference session.

Sept. 18—Conference; lay electoral conference at Grace church.

Sept. 19—Conference session, historical society sermon by Rev. W. N. McElroy; W. F. M. S., Effie J. Hewitt.

Sept. 20—Conference love feast; sermon by Bishop Warren, followed by ordination services.

Sept. 21—Sermons; closing business; appointments.

IF you could see your own scalp through an ordinary magnifying glass, you would be amazed at the amount of dust, dandruff and dead skin thereon accumulated. The best and most popular preparation for cleansing the scalp is Ayer's Hair Vigor.

THE CITY OF TENTS.

The Oakland Park Campmeeting—The Conference.

From Tuesday's Daily.

To-day is the beginning of the meeting, and many will arrive from various parts of the state. At 5:30 a. m. the entire camp assembled in the large pavilion, and engaged in a prayer and social meeting led by Elder J. N. Loughborough, president of the conference. At 9:30 a. m. the first session of the Illinois Sabbath School Association was held, and an interesting report of the progress of the work was given by H. S. Shaw, president of the association. The statistics given show an increase during the last quarter, of 3 new schools and 263 in membership. Committees on nominations and resolutions were then appointed by the chair, after which the meeting adjourned. At 11:00 o'clock a meeting of the State Health and Temperance Association was held, and important business was transacted in connection therewith.

At 2:30 p. m. Elder J. W. Bagby, of West Salem, Ill., preached a sermon on the subject of Faith, from the words of Christ found in John vi, 28-29. A biblical analysis of what constitutes a saving faith in the Son of God was given. The simplicity of believing was dwelt upon, showing that all that is necessary to gain eternal life is to come to our Heavenly Father with the same faith and confidence that a child comes to an earthly parent.

The opening session of the Conference was held at 5 p. m.

Over sixty tents are pitched in the park, and about one hundred and fifty are already encamped. This number will be largely increased by others from all parts of the state.

In the center of the grounds is located the large pavilion, nicely seated, and capable of accommodating an audience of about 1500. Two public preaching services will be held daily at 2:30 and 7:30 o'clock p. m., and all are invited to attend these and all other meetings. No admission fee is asked to any meeting. All can come and hear the gospel "without money and without price."

A nice tent has also been pitched and seated, where all the children on the ground will be taught by competent instructors to "remember their creation in the days of their youth."

Near the large pavilion stands the reception tent, finely furnished with sofas, rocking chairs, mirrors, etc., where the aged and invalid may go, and while comfortably seated, also listen to the sermon.

Just east of this is located the bookstand, where all kinds of denominational books, pamphlets and tracts may be purchased at reasonable figures; works also on health, temperance, social purity, etc., can be obtained. Parties coming to the grounds are asked to visit the bookstand and examine the stock.

Everything about the grounds shows that the utmost care has been exercised to make the camp attractive and inviting. Nothing like disorder or confusion can be seen, which is in marked contrast with many camp meetings. Time spent in making a visit to the park will be employed profitably.

From Wednesday's Daily.

At 7:30 o'clock last evening at the Adventist camp-meeting Elder Huffman, of Ottawa, spoke on the subject of the judgment. After reading 2d Cor. 5:10, he said: The solemn fact is presented in the text that we all must stand at the judgment bar of God and answer for every act of our lives. How solemn we should feel in view of this fact. There are many theories concerning the work of the judgment, but there is only one true theory, and that is God's theory. The Bible says there is a "time" for judgment (Acts 17:31) and that "time" is before the second coming of Christ, for when he comes there is no time then for such a work, for all are changed in a "moment" (1st Cor. 15:51-54). When Jesus comes the "dead in Christ" (1st Thess 4:16) will be raised, hence it must have previously been determined who this class is. And in Luke 20:35 we find that the "accounting worthy" is before the resurrection of the dead. Also in Rev. 14:6-7 we have a gospel message brought to view and this message announces the solemn fact that the hour of God's judgment "has come," which shows that the work will be done simultaneously with the closing work of Earth's history, even in the time when the "mystery of God" is being finished. So also in Rev. 22:11-12 we find that the eternal fiat is heard in Heaven saying, "He which is filthy let him be filthy still; and he that is righteous, let him be righteous still;" then Christ immediately adds, "Behold I come quickly. We are living near the end of human history,—in the solemn hour of God's judgment, and in that searching investigation every word, action and secret thing will be considered (Eccl. 12:13-14; Matt. 12:35 36). There is no appeal from this heavenly court.

STATISTICS.

From the 1890 year book of the society we glean the following figures:

Ministers in Illinois, 8; licentiates, 2; churches, 28; church members, 874; tithes for the past year, $8,529.41. There are seven districts in the society, embracing the whole of the United States and the foreign department. Total ministers, 227; total licentiates, 184; grand total of workers, 411; total churches, 1,016; total membership, 29,711; total tithes, $225,-433 08. The following are the ministers and officers of the church in Illinois:

Ministers—R. M. Kilgore, A. O. Tales, R. F. Andrews, G. B. Starr, W. C. Wait, E. A. Merrell, E. O. Hammond, J. W. Bagby.

Licentiates—G. B. Thompson, H. S. Shaw.

Missionary License—G. H. Barber, A. J. Olson, C. E. Sturdevant, Susie A. Hoxie, E. Hiva Starr, Delia Hicks, Mrs. Sadie Moneshunt, Mrs. E. A. Merrell, Agnes B. Tait, Mrs. Lou Sisley, Martina Sorenson, Julia Parmele.

Conference Officers—Pres., R. M. Kilgore; Vice-Pres., A. O. Tait; Sec., E. J. Hobbs; Treas., J. M. Craig; Ex. Com., R. M. Kilgore, A. O. Tait, G. B. Starr, G. H. Barber, R. Vickery; Auditor, J. L. Vandermark; Councilmen, R. Vickerp, A. Craw; Auditing Com., J. L. Vandermark, A. Crow, Frank Hicks, Wm. Herald, Dexter Woodward.

Tract Society Officers—Pres., A. O. Tait; Vice-Pres., G. H. Barber; Sec. and Treas., J. M. Craig; Cor. Sec., Delia Hicks; State Can. Agent, A. J. Olson; Asst. State Can. Agent, G. H. Barber.

Sabbath School Association Officers—Pres., H. S. Shaw; Vice-Pres., E. A. Merrell; Sec. and Treas., Agnes B. Tait; Ex. Com., H. S. Shaw, E. A. Merrell, Agnes B. Tait, Geo. B. Thompson.

Health and Temperance Association Officers—Pres., G. H. Barber; Sec. and Treas., Mrs. G. H. Barber.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Jessie Spencer went to Evansville to-day to accept a position as teacher of drawing in the public schools.

W. A. Cochran, a retired farmer of Macon, has removed his family to this city and are now residing at 1004 North Church street.

Lieut. C. T. B. Moore and two children are in the city on a visit of ten days' duration. Lieut. Moore is one of the instructors in the government Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md.

Mrs. Margaret Miller and Mrs. Nora Pritchett, daughter of Mrs. L. A. Ebert, left Sunday night for California. The latter will spend the winter with Mrs. Henry Leavitt at Elmodena, Cal.

Attorney John A. Brown, who has been in Nebraska and Iowa for several weeks, has returned home. He is enthusiastic over the beet sugar industry. He says it will make the farmers of Nebraska wealthy, and that Decatur ought to have a plant.

Attorney Joe R. Burres, of Tacoma, Washington, is in the city on a brief visit, having come over from Tuscola, where his family is at present located. Joe reports Tacomo the best town in the west. He has a good criminal practice there and has every appearance of having prospered.

MARRIED.

On Sunday afternoon, Sept. 6, by Rev. J. R. F. King, pastor of the U. B. Church, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Riker, 272 West Main street, Clarence A. Brockway and Miss Lida Shaw, both of Decatur.

A large company of friends was present, many gifts were bestowed and fine refreshments were served.

At the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Mollie E. Moore, 1118 North Main street, at 9 a. m., September 9, by Rev. Geo. E. Scrimger, William E. Carter, of Hudson, Mich., and Miss Alice C. Hugnson, of Decatur.

The couple after their bridal tour will reside in Decatur. Mr. Carter travels for a Buffalo wholesale boot and shoe house.

FOR the Schuttler, Moline and Capital Farm Wagons, go to the Spencer & Lehman Co., Decatur, Ill.
August 20-w3m

Why Dr. Price's Baking Powder is Superior to all others.

No great efforts are made by other manufacturers to procure and use pure materials.

It is true that one other company has the facilities, but its greed and cupidity induced it in an evil hour to use ammonia, in order to swell its profits. Hence the Price Baking Powder Company stands alone in its fight for a pure baking powder.

No other article of human food receives greater care in its production, or has attained higher perfection. Dr. Price's Cream is surely a perfect baking powder. Free from every taint of impurity. No other article used in the kitchen has so many steadfast friends among the housewives of America.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

A DISPATCH from Ohio says: "It is noteworthy that the strongest McKinley meetings are those held among the farmers." The farmers appreciate the value of the home market and they propose to be paid for their products in honest dollars.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The illness of Gov. Campbell will be regretted by foes as well as friends. By Republicans the Governor is generally considered to be better than his party. A certain section of his party shares in this belief also; but it is, unfortunately for him, the so-called "moral element," which, among the Democracy in every State, is usually the weaker element. His illness prevents the Republicans from attacking his administration as much as they would do if he were at the front and in shape to reply. Moreover, much of the interest in the canvass for outsiders is lost by Campbell's enforced silence.

INDIANAPOLIS *Journal:* The chairman of the state committee of the People's Party of Texas has issued a statement in which he says: "As the most efficient and ready plan for putting money in circulation, we demand that the United States Government build at once as many as seven trunk lines of railway, and that a full legal tender paper money be issued by the government to pay for the construction of said railways, and that they be owned and operated by the government. This is better than war, which has been the former plan resorted to to remit money to the people when they have been deprived of it as now." Common people must be stricken with awe at such statesmanship as this, and yet one cannot help asking why seven trunk lines instead of six or eight? Indeed, if all that is needed to make the country prosperous and happy is an abundance of irredeemable paper money, why not seventy or seven hundred trunk lines instead of seven?

BEET SUGAR IN NEBRASKA.

Letter on the Subject From a Decatur Tourist in the West.

The following letter from Attorney John A. Brown will be perused with interest by REPUBLICAN readers:

OMAHA, Sept. 3d, 1891.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—For ten days past I have journeyed over the vast prairies of the Northwest and looked upon the greatest crop this section has ever produced. The farmers of Nebraska, if I mistake not, will this fall largely bid farewell to the cranks, and Alliance leaders and give their attention to the saving and marketing of the greatest crop the state has ever seen. I have been at Norfolk, the queen city of the Elkhorn valley, for three days past, the guest of our former townsman, John E. Olney, who went there 22 years ago, almost the first one of its settlers. Norfolk reminds me of Decatur as I first saw it 27 years ago, being about the same size it was then, and like Decatur giving promise of future greatness. The northeast portion of Nebraska has never known an absolute failure of crops. The Elkhorn river, which crosses it, is the longest river in Nebraska save the Platte, but its valley is far more beautiful than that of the latter. At Norfolk the north fork of the Elkhart joins the main river and the site chosen for the place is one of extreme beauty. The insane hospital, a fine large brick building, is here located, and the view from this building, which stands on a hill overlooking the city, is one of great loveliness. I would not know where to find a lovelier one.

The crop of hay in all this region is immense. In one locality, from a high bluff, I counted near a thousand ricks of hay. Here also is the land of the sugar beet, and 5,000 acres now growing will soon be turned into sugar. The Oxnard Beet-Sugar Company are just finishing the largest beet-sugar factory in the world. In company with Mr. Hamilton and Mr. Adams, its gentlemanly secretaries, I was shown through the mammoth works, which have been one year in construction. The building has required for a year the services of 250 men in its construction. All the machinery is brought from Antwerp, Belgium, and made 115 car loads, coming by way of New Orleans. You will at once see that this industry is a grand one for the place that secures such a factory and it is with the hope that ultimately Decatur may secure such a factory that I have given the matter considerable attention. The daily product of this sugar plant will be from 30 to 40 tons of sugar. When we remember that our nation annually pays tribute to other nations for sugar alone several hundred millions of dollars it will be seen at once what great possibilities are wrapped up in the problem now, it is believed, successfully solved in Nebraska. This same company have a plant at Grand Island which produced last year 3,000,000 pounds of sugar, under all the disadvantages incident to starting a new enterprise, and the fact that the same company puts a million more money into the business shows that they regard the enterprise as on a solid basis. Seven hundred factories like the Norfolk one will produce all the sugar needed in the United States, and, thanks to the McKinley bill, they will in the long run be erected. Shall Decatur have one of them. More than $25,000 was paid to the boys and girls of Norfolk alone, for weeding in the beet fields this summer, some of them earning during their vacation from school as high as $1.50 to $2 per day. I have procured a small supply of beet seed for distribution among our farmers and have made arrangements to have the beets tested when raised and if they show 12 per cent of richness in sugar qualities I think this same company can be induced to locate a plant in Decatur. The large results that would follow warrant us in at least making an effort in this direction. The Nebraska beet raiser gets $60 to $80 per acre for his beets.

Omaha has on its holiday attire and is having its annual fair. I have not seen much of the city as yet but what little I have seen inspires me with the faith that it is to continue in the future as in the past the metropolis of this mighty state. JOHN A. BROWN.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot, Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the Shoulders' Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price, 75 cents. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. d&w

Democratic Freight.

The latest news from New York touching political affairs as they relate to the Democrats of that state are not very encouraging, to say the least, and may be quite depressing. It is generally conceded that David B. Hill, the governor-senator of New York, the man our western Democrats six months ago swore they would never support for President, is in complete control of the Democratic machine in the Empire State. One Lieutenant-Governor Jones, who "pays the freight," holds second place in the state administration, and if Gov. Hill had resigned the governorship after he was elected United States Senator, as he should have done, Jones would now be the governor of that state.

The fact that Hill did not resign and open the way for Jones' promotion has proven a great disappointment to Jones, and being "so near, yet so far," from the office of chief magistrate of that great commonwealth, has caused him to long for that great office, and now he is an avowed and open candidate.

David B. Hill, however, has put his foot down on Jones' aspirations, and has died notice on Jones that he is dictator of Democratic politics of New York, and director of the official fortunes of Democratic aspirants for office, and that Jones don't suit him, hence can't be governor. This is worse and more of it for the man who "pays the freight." It is absolutely harrowing to his peace of mind. It is heaping insult upon insult.

Jones refuses longer to remain passive, has declared war, and raises the black flag. At a meeting of representative Democrats from New York and Buffalo, held in Saratoga on Tuesday, Lieutenant-Governor Jones expressed a willingness to accept an independent nomination for governor, and it is further stated that part of the plan decided upon at this meeting is a convention at Albany of the Central Labor Union of the state, to be held between the dates fixed for holding the Republican and Democratic state conventions, which convention will place Jones in nomination for governor. This settles the question of his candidacy. He will be a candidate.

This state of things looks bad for the dictatorship of David B. Hill, and also looks equally for the Democratic party in New York. This is the present situation in New York, and whatever else may be said to the contrary it is certain that there is still a point, even among Democrats, when some members of that party have courage to refuse to submit to the absolute dictation of one man. We have little faith in it, but, we must confess that the present situation in New York indicates that the spark of a hope may be entertained for the independence of some Democratic voters at least.

The Conspiracy Exposed.

For months the Democratic press has reiterated the charge that the United States Treasury was virtually bankrupt. No considerations of patriotism or of regard for the credit of the government have had the slightest weight with the free trade organs. They have made use of every trick of misrepresentation within their power in a concerted effort to break down the credit of the United States among its own citizens.

To-day the $51,000,000 4 1-2 per cent bonds fall due, and the government stands ready to redeem every one of them that may be presented. There has never been any real doubt that it would do so. No American citizen of ordinary intelligence has ever questioned in his own mind the ability of the Treasury to meet every legitimate demand likely to be made upon it.

The prolonged howl of the Democratic organs about a bankrupt Treasury was as dishonest as it was malicious. It was the result of a deliberate partisan conspiracy. To-day the utter falsity of the story and the contemptible motives of the conspirators are alike exposed before the people.

Tariff Pictures.

New York *Press:* The ore men employed by the Wales Tin Plate Makers, Association of Swansea get $7.20 per week. The ore men in this country make $25 per week. Is it not worth while to keep a duty that holds up that difference?

A box of tin plate should weigh 112 pounds, but the Welsh manufacturers have been cutting the weight down to 105 pounds. The new duty of 2.2 cents a pound is an advance of $1.31 per box on the old duty of one cent a pound, or $1.05 per box. But Mr. Wilkins Frick, once secretary of the Wales Tin Plate Makers' Association of Swansea, says that the difference in wages alone between American and Welsh tin plate amounts to $1.47 in a box of black plate, and to $2.08 in a box of "I. C. plates, 14x20." As we made no tin plate at all under the old duty the new duty is a tariff that protects labor all the way through.

What Energy Did.

V. H. Parke & Son started the *lime* business last year. They had a *big* trade. Why? They carried a large and well selected stock, and sold at a fair price. They carry lime, hair, cement, all kinds, and everything trade demands at wholesale and retail. If you want anything call on them, and you can get it fresh and good. 621 N. Main St., on Wabash R. R. mar26-w6mo

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April 19-d&wtf

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French and American Corsets can always be found at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Company. d&w

Monuments and Rain Makers.

The year 1891 must ever remain memorable as the year that rain was first produced by artificial means. The fact that the rain tests have been made by the government and also by a private individual may 1,000 years hence become the cause of much contention and research as to who first produced rain. To avoid such controversy it will be necessary for this generation to erect some sort of monument which will carry down along the ages the correct data. This monument must be of indestructible material. The Black Obelisk of Shalmaneser II, King of Assyria, which bears the inscriptions of that monarch's exploits, even to an illustration of his victory over Jehu, King of Israel, is now in the British Museum in a good state of preservation. It is now 2,612 years old and for a thousand years lay under the ruins of Nineveh.

We can secure no such granite in this country, and as to other material there may be some controversy as to which would be best. Some of our people would insist on asphalt of various degrees of thickness, others on brick, while still others would venture all on artificial stone. In the selection of material for a memorial shaft it would be well to remember that it will be subject to more rain than the black obelisk of Shalmaneser, unless it can be kept out of the wet.

Care must also be taken in making the inscription perpetually intelligible. The Texas rain-maker's name is *Dyrenfurth.* In a thousand years some classical body of "Sox" or archæologists might translate the word Dyrenfurth to Dry-in-furth and finally corrupt it to Dry the Fourth, in which case he might become in the minds of these generations the author of dry weather, which would give Melbourne, the other rain-maker, the credit of having redeemed the nineteenth century Alliance from the drouth produced by Dry the Fourth.

This would hardly be a fair deal, and yet, while it is not true that the Dyrenfurth party produced drouth, it is true that Melbourne, with a brother offering to bet on the result, is producing rain in Wyoming by means of gases generated in a machine about the size of a tinner's stove, which he can take under his arm and run away with every time the natives show a disposition to raise his scalp. It must be admitted that Dyrenfurth produced rain in Texas, but that does not make his record safe, as the word Texas, in case a Democrat were living in 1,000 years, would surely be corrupted into taxes. For monumental purposes the conditions surrounding Dyrenfurth are peculiarly unfortunate.

Importing Skilled Labor.

The fight that has been made by the Amalgamated Association of Labor against the importation of skilled labor to start the tin industry in this country has never appeared reasonable from the fact that no one interested in a new tin plate plant has claimed that there was any necessity for importing to exceed one out of every sixty persons who would be employed. The importation of the one skilled workman might be instrumental in many cases of opening a permanent job for sixty others. The opposition has the appearance of having behind it the venom of some free trader opposed to the interests of America.

A workingman writing to the New York *Press*, it seems, covers the case well in the following letter. He shows himself to be both honest and a man of good sense. He says:

SIR—In the *Press* of this date you correct the mistaken views of a "Republican Workman," making generally an argument for protection, which is perfect and unanswerable, but relative to his fear that foreign workmen will be employed in the new manufactories to the exclusion of Americans, I wish to make a suggestion.

Even if the entire force of 30,000 (which you say will be required) consists of foreign laborers, would not American laborers be better off because of the establishment of these new industries? They could not interfere with the labor of the old established industries, so that American laborers will still have all the work which they would have had under a policy which would exclude the new manufactories, with an additional amount of labor equal to the production of all the necessities of the 30,000 and their families.

Houses, food, clothing, fuel, books, education, entertainment and everything which enters into the life of a community of 30,000 men and their families would be supplied by American laborers, for which they would receive the money earned by these foreign laborers.

In other words, would it not be a good thing to add to the demands for the products of American labor from ten to twenty millions of dollars annually, without any loss whatever? But when we remember the law prohibiting the importation of foreign workmen under contract will doubtless allow American workmen to do the bulk of the work in the new mills, the prospect is grandly cheering. M. H. A.

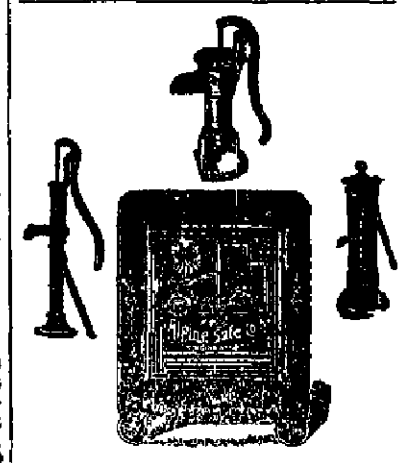
BROOKLYN, Aug. 27, 1891.

Arraigning Republicans.

The Pennsylvania Democrats accuse the Republicans of everything in the catalogue of evils in their platform. If anything, they are more severe on the party than Mrs. Gougar and other third party lecturers of her class. There is this, however, to be said in favor of the Democrats, as between them and the Gougar lecturers. The Democrats amuse themselves in this harmless pastime without pay, while the Gougar class of lecturers do the work at a rate of $50 a lecture, paid out of the hard earnings of other people. Democrats sometime go hungry for the sake of the cause but the other reformers never lose a meal and are laying up fortunes for old age. They seem to follow the advice Mr. St. John gave the minister who espoused the cause of the prohibition party when he said, "If you don't make some money out of this thing, you are foolish."

Used up.

It's the only way to use some things, but it's a bad condition for a man or woman. It means disease. Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That means health. It invigorates the liver and kidneys, purifies the blood and cleanses and renews the whole system. For all scrofulous humors and blood-taints, and even consumption (or lung-scrofula), if taken in time, it's a positive remedy. It's a *guaranteed* one. In all diseases of the liver, blood and lungs, it's warranted to benefit or cure, or the money is refunded. No other medicine of its class is sold, through druggists, on this *peculiar* plan. You can judge why. You only pay for the good you get.



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This Liniment is different in composition from any other Liniment on the market. It is a scientific discovery, which results in its being the most penetrating Liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended because they *pay the seller* a greater profit. Beware of these and demand Ballard's Snow Liniment. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Sciatic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Pain in Back, Barb Wire Cuts, Sore Chest or Throat, and is especially beneficial in Paralysis. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 2

ONLY one man in 208 is over six feet in height.

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THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. d&w

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Nervous women seldom receive the sympathy they deserve. While often the pictures of health, they are constantly ailing. To withhold sympathy from the unfortunates is the height of cruelty. They have a weak heart, causing shortness of breath, fluttering, pain in the side, weak and hungry spells, and finally swelling of ankles, oppression, choking, smothering and dropsy. Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is just the thing for them. For their nervousness, headache, weakness, etc, his Restorative Nervine is unequaled. Fine treatise on "Heart and Nervous Diseases" and marvelous testimonials free. Sold and guaranteed by W. C. Armstrong. d&w

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Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels *through the nerves*. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequaled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses, 25 cts. Samples free, at W. C. Armstrong's drug store. d&w

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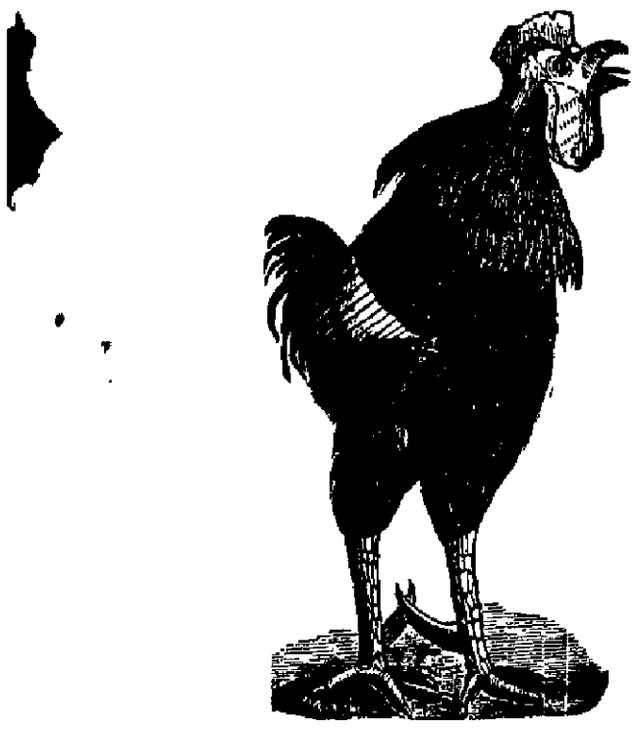

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DON'T FAIL TO GET THEM for your children to start to school with, as they keep their feet warm and dry.

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148 East Main Street, Decatur.

OLD SETTLERS' DAY.

Gathering of Snow Birds at Riverside Park--Basket Dinner.

LETTER FROM HON. JOHN DAVIS, M. C.

Seven Hundred Patriarchs and Descendants in Attendance—The '91 Death Roll—Address by Hon. J. H. Pickrell, of Chicago.

From Friday's Daily.

The weather for the Macon County Old Settlers' Association reunion is all that could be desired, and at least seven hundred old settlers and the generations which have sprung from them are present at the reunion to-day at Riverside Park, having a grand, good time.

An interesting meeting was held in the pavilion this forenoon at which J. R. Gorin, president of the association, presided. 'Squire Stevens, Joe Odor, Harv Travis, John Stickell and two or three others led the singing from the Old Mission Harmony. The exercises opened with the doxology, after which John Wilson offered prayer. "America" was then sung, after which J. R. Gorin read a letter written to the association by John Davis, of Junction City, Kan., who was a former resident of Macon county, and who was elected to Congress from his district in Kansas last fall.

After the reading of the letter a vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Davis for his interesting communication.

Before adjourning for dinner the following persons were requested to report on the stand after dinner to lead the singing: A. C. Stevens, Hawk Gorin, Young Braden, Joe Odor, John Kizer, John Stickel, Harv Travis, Frank Scott, Ben Reed, Alec Bell, John Wilson, Ame Davis, Jim Taylor, Wm. Moffett, Flip Williams, Jake Sine, Date Dunham and Mat Bradshaw.

During the year the following old settlers have died: Thomas H. Wingate, Mrs. Lydia Morris, Mrs. Elvira E. Pugh and Mrs. Ann Stamper.

Hon. J. H. Pickrell, of Chicago, is to speak this afternoon.

THE LETTER.

Following is John Davis' letter:

MR. J. R. GORIN, Decatur, Ill.

My Dear Sir:—Your recent letter, kindly asking me to be present at the meeting of old settlers of Macon county has awakened in my mind a thousand recollection extending back into my earliest childhood. I was born in Sangamon county, within 50 miles of the present city of Decatur. My father and family moved to Macon county in August, 1830, when I was but four years old. It was at the beginning of the contest between Uncle Sam and the Sac and Fox Indians for the proprietorship of the country, known as the "Black Hawk war." At that time the most prominent features of the region were the black, rich, untilled soil of boundless fertility, wide prairies of tall grass, green-headed flies, rattle snakes, prairie wolves and other concomitants of a new country, reeking with undeveloped richness and boundless natural resources. The forests of noble oaks were in their primeval vigor, and the paths through them were little trodden by white men. In the mind of the practical pioneer, able and willing to meet the privations and hardships of a new country, Central Illinois was surely an eldorado.

Our family settled about four miles east of Decatur, in the eastern margin of the Sangamon river woods, with a great ocean of prairie on the east, which to my childish mind was without limit. Our neighbors were few and far between. Two miles north of our cabin was the Widow Rea, with a family of bachelor sons, who, in after years, were prominent actors in making the history of the county. They were known then and later as John, Bill and Sam Rea. The latter for several years was an official of the county, known to every man who did business in the court house. Our first neighbor on the south was David Davis, a lame man who stuck to his own home for 50 years and raised a large family. I saw the notice of his death in the Decatur papers a few years ago. To the southeast and a little farther away was the claim opened by Mike Myers, the oldest brother of my mother. It was afterwards occupied by old John Florey, a soldier of the American Revolution, and father of about 20 sons and daughters. The same place was, still later, occupied by Ambrose Greenfield, whose wife was the youngest child of the old soldier. While living in our first home in Macon county we were not always alone. We were often visited by hunters of game, hunters of lost animals and hunters of land, and, occasionally, by a troop of men looking after the safety of the settlers. These were usually about 50 in number and travelled on horseback, under command of Major Warnick, and known as rangers. Major Warnick was afterwards sheriff of the county, and at one time it became his duty, in those primitive days, to cowhide a couple of horse thieves, by the respective names of Redman and Wyatt. He did his job nicely, and the story of the pursuit and capture by James Piatt, of Piatt county, and others, the public whipping by the sheriff, and connected incidents formed altogether a voluminous folk lore at the winter fireside, and, in the minds of the pioneers of Macon county, it was an important event of the century.

The winter of 1830 31 was known for many years as "the winter of the deep snow." It was formed by two notable snow storms of about 18 inches each. After the snow had fallen to the depth of about three feet a sleet followed, which, when frozen, became a strong crust, especially on the prairies, enabling men, dogs and light animals to walk on top of the snow. Deer were very plentiful in those days and the snow was vastly on the side of the hunters in capturing them. On the prairie men, dogs and deer ran alike on top of the snow. But it was the habit of the deer to run for cover in the woods. There they plunged midsides into the snow and could make no progress. The hunter, with a good dog, had no trouble in capturing whole herds at a single hunt, frequently killing them with a butcher knife only, without the use of a gun. John Phœnix in this way killed a herd of seven in one day and dragged them home on the snow. That winter of the deep snow was very destructive to game of all sorts, and old hunters agreed that deer and turkeys were never so plentiful afterwards as they were before.

In the year 1832 my father's family moved two miles south, to a claim that had been started by James Myers and which for many years, was known as the old Joe Davis place, and afterwards was the residence of H. W. Davis, now living in Shelbyville. A half or so east of that spot was built about that time the first school house I ever saw. It was made of unhewn logs, chinked with billets of wood and dobbed with clay mortar. At the west side was an open fireplace, about eight feet wide. Above the fireplace, outside of the house, was a chimney built of sticks and mortar. The fire was made of large logs, which in mild weather made the school room very comfortable. But in cold weather it was different. The entire building was of wood; there was not a nail, nor a bit of iron or glass or sawed lumber in the entire structure. The floor was constructed of split logs, flat side up; seats the same, with legs to support them. For light there was a log cut out in one side of the wall and the opening closed with a web of home-made cotton goods. Our first teacher was Mr. R. P. Wren. The pupils studied their lessons aloud, with no limit to the voices. You may safely bet your bottom dollar that when we took it into our heads to be studious, there was a melodious medley of voices that waked the echoes of the woods, and could be heard some distance away. Milo C. Shaw and Henry Hodge were also teachers in this cabin school room, before the progress of the country rendered it antiquated.

Within the past year I have met in Topeka, Kansas, one of my schoolmates of the old unhewn log cabin days. His name is Jackson Sinclair, brother of Mrs. Willis Johnson, of Decatur. Mrs. Johnson, if living, will remember that old primeval school, taught by R. P. Wren. She will be able to say with the historian: "All of whom I saw and a part of which I was." Jack is in good health. Of course we talked over old times. We had not met since some in the fifties.

In due time a new cabin was built. The logs were neatly hewn. The floor was of sawed lumber, the door was hung with iron hinges, the roof was of shingles, fastened on with nails; there were four glass windows, the seats had backs to them and the room was heated with a big box stove. The country was now putting on airs. The Stickels, John Tyler, the Spanglers, the Oxleys, the Emersons, the Scotts, Smiths, Wilsons, Davidsons, Jim Flinton, agent of Philo Hale, the Hankses, Nesbits, Wheelers, Turpins, Blacks, Atteburys, Travises, Wallaces, John Rucker, the Muerses, the Dickeys, Reas, Chambers, Joneses, Davises, Krones, McGinnesses, Isaac Veech, the Bakers, Zenos Prather, Milo C. Shaw, the Floreys, the Edwardses, the Stuarts, Jeremiah Terry, the Morrises, the Hayleys, the Doyles, and others were residents of the eastern parts of the county in the thirties, or very early in the forties. Some of them were from the wealthy and aristocratic states of the west and south, and railroads were talked of. Decatur was planned to become a great railroad center as early as 1838. Then came hard times for a few years. That railroad boom changed to a boomerang, and everything had to wait. In fact, we spent some fifteen years in waiting, "like boys in a January thaw for skating." But early in the fifties the railroads came, and, strange to say, they passed the town of Decatur on the same side and almost on the same lines that were marked out by the projectors of 1838. The stage coach came in the forties, and the old horse mills gave place to water and steam mills for grinding grain and sawing lumber. Thus passed away the old days in central Illinois. When we leave the forties and enter the fifties we enter modern times. I could fill many pages with reminiscences of the thirties and forties but I stop. I have emphasized that period because there are now left so few to speak of it. Jim Flinton, now of Dickinson county, Kansas, came to Illinois as early as 1837. He and his son, son in-law and grandson were among my warmest supporters in the last election. There are several of our old Illinois friends living in my congressional district.

I have spoken more of matters and things east of Decatur than in other parts of the county, or in the city itself, because I think one should speak most concerning things of which he knows most.

I wish I could be with you in your glorious reunion. I could then give you an hour's talk that would fill our minds with the days and events that are gone, never to return. But they were days well spent in laying the foundations of the best state in the Union, except Kansas. I close with stating that the men of Illinois have also, largely, made Kansas what she is. There are more people in Kansas from Illinois than from any other state or country, and, uniformly, they rank among our most intelligent, enterprising and valuable citizens.

With a thousand good wishes and kindly regards for the brave pioneers of central Illinois, I stop my half-told story and bid you good-bye.

JOHN DAVIS, M. C.

From Saturday's Daily.

The dinner at the old settlers' meeting was a picnic dinner. Everybody not only enjoyed the dinner but the old tales and the stimulation of old acquaintance as well. After the dinner was disposed of the following old settlers registered:

J. B. Troxell, Illinois, 1849; R. D. Wilson, Illinois, 1830; H. D. Montgomery, North Carolina, 1833; Jacob Nelson, Illinois, 1830; G. W. Betzer, Ohio, 1841; Sol. Williamson, Ohio, 1855; F. M. Cunningham, Illinois, 1834; Mrs. Daniel Gepford, Pennsylvania, 1857; Mrs. Mary T. Taylor, Illinois, 1838; Mrs. Lucy Bell, Tennessee, 1829; Mary C. Davis, Illinois, 1829; Mary J. Scott, Illinois, 1831; Lunie Fesler, Kentucky, 1830; Rebecca Goff, Illinois, 1829; Caroline Cunningham, Illinois, 1838; Margaret Stevens, Kentucky, 1814; Mary E. Smith, Illinois; 1831; J. W. Myers, 1841; Mrs. O. N. Martin, Illinois, 1842; J. T. Stuart, Illinois, 1836; A. Shoemaker, New York, 1828; H. C. Traughber, Illinois, 1839; Joseph King, Virginia, 1808; Margaret King, Vermont, 1825; B. H. Cassel, Pennsylvania, 1823; John Williams, Mississippi, 1830; Z. R. Prather, Illinois, 1836; G. W. Newman, Tennessee, 1814; Reuben Betzer, Ohio, 1824; B. F. Miller, Illinois, 1842; Margaret Hornback, Kentucky, 1831; Jane Culver, Virginia, 1825; Henrietta Tuttle, Illinois, 1834; Mary E. Peake, Maryland, 1832; Virginia Ehrman, Illinois, 1836; A. Blaine, Illinois, 1849; Mary Smalley, Pennsylvania, 1839.

One of the relics on the ground was a brick from the first kiln burned in Macon county. Another was a silver medal presented Alexander Metlin by the state of Pennsylvania for gallantry in Commodore Perry's naval engagement with the British on Lake Erie in 1813; this was exhibited by Alexander Metlin, a nephew of the sailor.

About 2 o'clock the crowd, which had increased to over 1,000, assembled in the pavilion to hear the address of Hon J. H. Pickrell, which was first-class and was well received by those who get into the pavilion. He said he might not be properly an old settler; that he came to Illinois when he was young, and was as reckless as Dick Oglesby; that after being in Illinois six weeks, he only weighed four pounds. He said he beat 20 states into the Union; he could remember when there was only one brick house between Decatur and Springfield. He was here before "lucifer" matches reached this country, and when only a flint was used. He thought it would be amusing to see a dude light a cigarette with a flint. When he came, scoops were used in drawing water, the school house had not come, and when it came there were no steel pens, tomatoes were known as love apples, and principal fruits were "water millions" and "mush millions." He said rubber was hardly known; what little they had was called elastic; in those days there were no suspenders but lots of "galluses," which were made from bed-ticking or knot by the mother or the feller's best best girl. The lights were tallow dips, and ague was thicker than flies. The first thing the doctor did was to bleed his patient, no matter what the ailment was. He said he was here when the first railroad west of the Alleghenies was built; it was that between Springfield and Naples. When it was being built the farmers looked upon it with misgivings, fearing it would ruin them. He described the old stage coach and its driver, who was the most popular man in the country. The coming of the coach was announced by blowing a horn. He was here, he said, before the first daily paper was published in Illinois. The first daily was published in Chicago and was called the *Chicago Democrat*. It was a six-column folio and began with 147 subscribers. In those days there was much superstition. Young ladies never looked in a looking-glass after dark, because it was feared it would result in a death in the family. In those days when the people went to meeting the males sat on one side and the females on the other. The boys had to pick their girls in the dark as they left the church or school house. In conclusion he told of an old settler whose wife went with him to town to see the sights, and among other things was induced to drink enough of the ardent to make her a little "boozy;" the husband was the same way. They started home, she riding behind him on the same horse; crossing a small stream the woman slid off, which was not discovered at the instant. The husband returning found her sitting in the stream, and being pretty large, she dammed the water back which had risen to her neck and mouth and she was rubbing it off her mouth, first with one hand then with the other, saying "not any more, gentlemen, not any more."

Old songs followed the speech and then short and spicy addresses by N. M. Baker, Hon. W. F. Moffitt, Rev. C. G. Wood and Dr. E. W. Moore.

J. R. Gorin was elected president; Hiram wood, vice-president; J. Y. Braden, treasurer; and J. A. Wilson, secretary. J. R. Gorin, M. Elson, John Wilson, J. A. Drake and Thomas Moffett were designated as an executive committee.

The date for holding the next reunion was fixed on the third Thursday of August.

A vote of thanks was tendered the Short line for the free use of the park and then one of the best meetings the old settlers ever had adjourned.

JOINED THE GREAT MAJORITY

Death of Mother Bradshaw in the 80th Year of Her Age.

From Thursday's Daily.

This morning at 6:50 o'clock, Mrs. Elizabeth Bradshaw, beloved wife of Rev. A. Bradshaw, passed away without a struggle or the movement of a muscle, calmly as an infant falling asleep, at the family home, 701 West Main street, in the 80th year of her age.

Miss Elizabeth Simpson was born in Smith county, Tenn., December 11, 1811, and became the wife of Rev. A. Bradshaw at Fairfield, Wayne county, Ill., July 18, 1828, where Rev. Bradshaw began his pioneer ministerial career in 1836. Deceased was the mother of ten children, five of whom survive. They are George Bradshaw, of Chicago; Mrs. Anna Hamsher, of Decatur; Mrs. W. O. Lucy, of Lovington; A. J. Bradshaw, of Bloomington, and Mrs. A. C. Pitts, of Orting, Washington. The venerable lady was suddenly stricken with paralysis in July, 1885, her left side being affected. In 1888 she received the second stroke, and last Tuesday night the third stroke came, but she retained her consciousness up to 20 minutes before her death, when she called her husband and complained of a severe pain in her stomach. She passed away in ten minutes after Mr. Bradshaw reached her side—going to her reward after a long and spotless life, a life devoted to her husband in his work, and to her children.

From Friday's Daily.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Bradshaw, wife of Rev. A. Bradshaw, took place this forenoon at 10 o'clock at Janes' Chapel in the presence of a very large company of friends. The church was filled as were also the rooms at the rear. The choir comprised Mrs. Annie Simpson, Miss Ida Webster, W. T. Evans and H. H. Beadles, with Miss Irene Baker as organist. Friends brought many floral tributes. Rev. J. T. Finley preached the funeral sermon, taking for his subject "The Marriage Supper," during which a beautiful tribute to the life and character of the deceased was paid. The remains were taken to Greenwood for interment, attended by a long cortege. John Kizer, J. M. Adams, William Evans, E. S. McCarty, William Vermilion and M. Elson were the pall bearers.

BUY your Parasols, Corsets, Silk Mitts, Hosiery, Gloves, Rushing and Ribbons at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co. d&w

IS ALUM POISONOUS.

(Hall's Journal of Health.)

"This question has caused a great deal of discussion. Alum is used by many bakers to whiten their bread, enabling them to use an inferior flour. It is most extensively employed as a cheap substitute for cream of tartar in the manufacture of baking powder. It has not been considered immediately dangerous; although if continued it induces dyspepsia and obstinate constipation. But the fact that many cases of poisoning have occurred from the use of alum, puts the question in a more serious aspect, and prudent people will exercise caution in the selection of baking powders.

"Under what conditions then, does this substance—formerly used only for mechanical or medicinal purposes—become poisonous? They are certainly obscure, and at present we can only surmise what they may be. We suspect that the cause exists in the individual poisoned; some peculiarity of the constitution producing a morbid change in the secretions of the stomach, with which the alum combines and forms an active poison; or the secretions may be healthy but in unusual proportions, and that these less or greater proportions in combination with the alum constitute a poison.

"For example, two parts of mercury and two parts of chlorine form calomel, which is not poisonous, but change the proportions to one part mercury and two parts of chlorine, and we get corrosive sublimate, which is a deadly poison.

"Then again, we know nothing of the constitutional peculiarities. Why is it that one person can eat all kinds of green fruits and vegetables with impunity, while the same course might cost another individual his life? One person can handle poison ivy and sumac without being in the least affected; another is poisoned if he approaches to within 10 feet of them. Out of a family residing in a malarial district, some of the members will suffer half the year with fever and ague, while the others will enjoy excellent health during the entire year. Foods that are wholesome to some persons are actually poisonous to others. This is especially true of some kinds of fish. There is no safety in taking alum into the stomach, as it is shown to be always injurious, and often dangerous." * * *

The Scientific American published in a recent number a list of alum and ammonia baking powders, which is of great value at this time. Following is the list compiled from official reports. Powders marked with a star seem to have a general sale, as they are mentioned in at least two of the official reports.

*ATLANTIC & PACIFC.	*ROYAL.
COOK'S FAVORITE,	SCIOTO.
CROWN,	SILVER SPOON.
CRYSTAL.	SILVER STAR.
DAISY.	*SNOWDRIFT.
*DAVIS' O K.	SOVEREIGN.
DRY YEAST.	STAR.
GEM.	STATE.
GLOBE.	STANDARD.
*KENTON.	SUNFLOWER.
PEARSON'S.	WASHINGTON.
PERFECTION.	WINDSOR.
PEERLESS	ZIPP'S GRAPE.
PURITY.	CRYSTAL.

There are in addition to the foregoing list from the Scientific American, a number of such powders sold in the western that were not found in the eastern stores.

Following is the list to date:

CALUMET .....Contains Alum
(Calumet Baking Powder Co., Chicago.)
FOREST CITY.....Contains Ammonia Alum
(Vowinc Bros., Cleveland.)
CHICAGO YEAST Contains Ammonia Alum
(Chapman & Smith Co., Chicago.)
BON BON .....Contains Alum
HOTEL.....Contains Ammonia Alum
(J. C. Grant Baking Powder Co., Chicago.)
UNRIVALED .....Contains Alum
(Sprague, Warner & Griswold, Chicago.)
ONE SPOON, TAYLOR'S ....Ammonia Alum
(Taylor Manufacturing Co., St. Louis.)
YARNALL'S .....Contains Alum
(Yarnall Manufacturing Co., St. Louis.)
SHAW'S SNOW PUFF .....Contains Alum
(Merchants M'f'g Association, St. Louis.)
DODSON & HILS.....Contains Alum
(Dodson & Hils, St. Louis.)
SHEPARD'S.....Contains Ammonia Alum
(William H. Shephard, St. Louis.)
BAIN'S.....Contains Alum
(Meyer-Bain Mfg. Co., St. Louis.)
MONARCH.....Contains Ammonia Alum
(Reid, Murdoch & Co., Chicago.)
SNOW BALL .....Contains Alum
(Bengal Coffee & Spice Mills, Chicago.)
GIANT.....Contains Alum
MILK.....Contains Alum
(W. F. McLaughlin & Co., Chicago.)
ECHO.....Contains Alum
(Spencer Bluing Padding Co., Chicago.)
KALBFELL'S PURITY. .....Contains Alum
(Kalbfell Mfg. Co., Chicago.)
RISING SUN.....Contains Ammonia
(Phoenix Chemical Works, Chicago.)
WHITE ROSE.....Contains Ammonia Alum
(Globe Coffee & Spice Mills, Minneapolis.)
WOOD'S ACME.....Contains Ammonia
(Thos. Wood & Co., Philadelphia.)
ANDREWS' PEARL .....Contains Ammonia
C. E. Andrews & Co., Milwaukee.)
HARRIES' FAVORITE. ..Contains Alum.
(H. H. Harries, Minneapolis.)
FIDELITY.....Contains Alum
SOLAR.....Contains Alum
(Sherman Bros., Chicago.)
PUTNAM'S BEST.....Contains Alum
(Wells Putnam & Co., Chicago.)
CHINA "T" HOUSE .....Contains Alum
(Noah McDowell, St. Paul, Minn.)
TWIN CITY.....Contains Alum
(J. M. Ferguson, Minneapolis, Minn.)
HERCULES.....Contains Ammonia
(Hercules Baking Powder Co., San Francisco.)
CLIMAX.....Contains Ammonia
(Climax Baking Powder Co., Indianapolis.)

There are pure cream tartar baking powders on the market. All authorities report Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder as free from alum, ammonia, lime or any other adulterant. The purity of this brand has never been questioned.

TOO MUCH FOR HIM.

The Dr. Keeley Cure Said to Have Caused a Man's Death.

MONTICELLO, ILL., Sept. 3.—Charles P. Brown, son of the Hon. Julius A. Brown, of this city, died yesterday at his father's residence. He was one of the ablest young lawyers in Central Illinois, and his age was 28 years. He had undergone treatment at Dr. Keeley's institution at Dwight and had been weakened by the process and died shortly after his return.

A CURE FOR CHRONIC DIARRHŒA.—Mrs. E. Gleason, of Salem, Dent Co., Mo., writes as follows: "Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy cured me of chronic diarrhœa after years of standing, when it seemed I could live no longer, I was growing so weak. I had tried several doctors in this state and several in Iowa, but they could do nothing for me. I was finally induced to try a bottle of your medicine. After using three bottles of it I was entirely cured. I cannot say enough in its praise. I wish that every family knew the worth of it as I do, and I am sure they would never do without it." For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

SENATOR HAWLEY emphatically denies the report that the President has asked him to accept the war portfolio.

THE State Department has instructed Minister Egan to recognize the Junta as the de facto government of Chili.

MAJOR MCKINLEY has averaged two speeches a day for the past three weeks, and his health remains as good as it was when he began. Like his celebrated tariff bill, he has his first-class staying qualities.

MAJOR MCKINLEY expresses regret that his competitor, Governor Campbell, is sick and unable to be actively engaged in the campaign. He says it is no credit to a man to be put in the position of campaigning to defeat a sick man.

IT is true, as the Pennsylvania Democratic platform declares, that the election in that state this year "involves no issue of Federal politics;" but the majority which the Republicans are certain to obtain will serve, nevertheless, to promote the success of their candidate next year.

THE recent understanding between the governments of France and Russia seem to have operated to control the program of the Czar. That potentate had arranged to visit Germany from Copenhagen, where he now is, but it has become convenient for him to notify the Kaiser that he will be unable to visit Germany.

A SOUTHERN paper claims that Balmaceda's defeat was a Democratic victory. The best evidence we can see of the probable truth of this claim is the fact that there is great rejoicing in England over the insurgent victory. That is one of the places on earth outside of the United States where anybody rejoices over Democratic victories.

GEN. ALGER now denies that he ever stated that he would not be a candidate for President in 1892, and that Blaine was a candidate. He says he met Mr. Blaine at Bar Harbor, but as to Blaine's views about the presidency he came away no wiser than when he arrived, the subject not having been even indirectly referred to.

GOV. BOIES, of Iowa, still insists that the farmers of Iowa, during the last five years, have lost on an average 67 cents an acre on the corn crop. This is a good deal like the fellows who back the "wheel." Every one of them, according to his tale, beat it in the long run, and the wonder is how the proprietors can stand the universal losses and pay the enormous expenses they have to contract.

REPUBLICAN statesmanship is always active and progressive. It is now engaged in teaching Germany the use of Indian corn as a farinaceous food. If Minister Phelps is as successful in this line as he has been in teaching the people of that Empire how to prepare American pork, the greatful American people will forgive him for parting his hair in the middle.

OUR exports for July 1890 increased only $2,950,613 over those of July 1889, but under the McKinley law which the free trader said would close foreign markets to what we had to sell, our exports in July 1891 increased $8,209,297 over July 1890. Moral: Republicans know how to legislate on business principles, while Democrats know how to object on the basis of broken down theories.

SENATOR PEFFER started out by telling his audiences that there are 9,000,000 homes in the country and now, since statistics, systematically gathered, show there are 2,491,930 mortgages on all kinds of real estate, he has revised his statement to suit the facts. The strange thing connected with this is that people go to hear Peffer, nod assent, or endorsement, to what he says, and applaud his conclusions, notwithstanding the fact that he has been a false teacher in the matter of mortgages and is no better acquainted with other matters which he attempts to enlighten the people upon. One would suppose that almost any American voter has the good sense to refuse longer to listen to a teacher who admits that he knew so little about farm mortgages, his chief subject; but such is not the case. Men still sit and listen and applaud what Peffer says the same as if they were certain that Peffer knew what he was talking about.

SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN, the Canadian Minister of Public Works, has caused Premier Abbott to take prompt action in the matter of his resignation. The Premier has notified him that his resignation will be regarded as final. Sir Hector has figured uncomfortably near the line of a criminal in the investigation, which in fact is not yet concluded, which has been instituted in the Dominion. Matters have come to the surface in this investigation involving public men of that country, which if true of our public men, would rend the public peace from center to circumference. Our public men are convicted of all sorts of crime on paper, but rarely by investigation. As a rule the public men of both Canada and the United States are honest, but from the developments in the Canadian investigation we are inclined to believe that some Canadian public men have taken chances that no public man in this country, however corrupt he might be, would not dare to take.

DO NOT make a purchase of any windmill until after you examine the Bird, at the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb26wtf

Folly's Fanfaronade.

The Chicago *Tribune* has succeeded again in permitting its sails to outrun its wind. It has succeeded in producing in the neighborhood of two columns of first class editorial rhetoric in support of a dream that the removal of German restrictions from American pork is due to reciprocity, when in fact, reciprocity was not a factor in even a remote sense in bringing about the removal of this German restriction. Germany prohibits the importation of American pork, assigning as a reason therefor, that it was diseased. Our last congress, with a view of giving assurance that our government would not hereafter permit the exportation of diseased pork, passed a bill providing for a government inspection of all meat entered for export. The bill became a law and since that time Minister Phelps, by direction of the state department, has been diligent in his efforts to induce the German government to accept the assurances of this government expressed in the inspection law and has at last succeeded in opening German ports to American pork inspected by the government. Elsewhere in the *Tribune* on the same day their misleading editorials were published, the following dispatch from Cape May appeared with the *Tribune's* own headlines:

NOTHING TO DO WITH RECIPROCITY.

The German Government Simply Accepts the Inspection Under American Laws.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Sept. 4.—The negotiations which ended in the withdrawal of the prohibition against the importation of American pork into Germany were concluded at Saratoga and not at Cape May Point. The conclusion was reached while the president was at Saratoga by John W. Foster, representing the United States, and Count von Munn, Charge d'Affaires, representing the German government, and was approved by the president. The removal of the pork restriction has nothing to do with any question of reciprocity, but is based upon the acceptance by the German government of the inspection of imported meats by this government under the law of the last Congress.

This settles any quibble which might otherwise arise, as to whether the *Tribune* could have been mistaken as to facts and shows that the editorials were not written in good faith but for the purpose of deceiving its readers. It is simply another of its efforts to make the people believe that no man save Mr. Blaine in the Republican party has risen above mediocrity, precisely the condition the Democrats would be more than pleased to have the people believe existed. The *Tribune* still insists in face of all facts and Mr. Blaine's own utterances, that Mr. Blaine's scheme of reciprocity took in all the sugar producing nations of the world instead of being limited to the nations of the Western Hemisphere.

The Public Schools.

From Monday's Daily.

This morning there was a whoop and hurrah in almost every Decatur home. The noise, the racket, and the nervous inquiry as to the location of certain necessary equipments reminds one of breaking a military camp for an active field campaign.

The sidewalks in Decatur resound to the clatter of hurrying feet as troop after troop passes by. It is the preparatory maneuver incident to the opening of our public schools. The young people have had a vacation and all are eager to again place themselves within the influence of our public schools. There they meet again old acquaintances and form new ones. There they will attempt and master new lessons. There they will lay the foundation for whatever intelligence shall characterize their after lives in whatever sphere they may move.

The free schools of the United States, which have an open door for every American girl or boy, whether rich or poor, promise more to the perpetuity of Republican government than anything else connected either directly or indirectly with the government. Here those who shall become voters and as such shall in the future dictate the policy of the government, are taught the rudimentary branches of an English education. Here their minds are taught to think, to reason, and to form conclusions, all of which are necessary to make them such citizens as may in future safely discharge the duty of citizenship in a free government.

In this sense every American citizen has a common interest in the education of every American child, no matter whether the child is of his family, the child of another, an orphan, or even a stranger. It is this principle which calls for the compulsory education of the children of those who fail to send their children to our public schools or educate them in some other way.

So important indeed has the public school become in this country that everybody is more than willing to endure the confusion and annoyance of Young America getting ready for school on the opening day, and if necessary do his groaning in the back yard while the young urchins are tearing up everything in doors to find the accoutrements they laid away and have not seen since last June.

TWO DEATHS.

[Special to the REPUBLICAN.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 9, 1:30 p. m.—Major Bundy, of the New York *Mail and Express*, and Jules Grevy, ex-president of the French Republic, died in Paris today.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

What Future History May Do.

The governor of the state of Missouri a few days ago in an address delivered to a reunion of Confederate veterans at Kansas City said: "I was not a Confederate soldier. I was too young to become one during the war. Considering the results of the war it is probably as well for me that I was not in the Confederate army. On this point I desire to say that I do not favor the organization of Sons of Confederate Veterans, for the reason that while at this time it is not considered a disgrace to have been in the Confederate army, the time will come in the history of the government when it will be no credit to a man to claim that his ancestors were engaged in a rebellion against the government."

This opinion will no doubt be verified in some future generation. The rebellion brought on by the Southern leaders was without excuse. Alexander H. Stephens in his speech against secession bears testimony to that fact. In addition to this is the fact that the Confederate authorities sanctioned the starvation of Union prisoners in their hands. It is true that this has been denied by Senator B. H. Hill, of Georgia, but within the last few weeks the government has found among the archives of the Confederacy two papers, one by Robert Ould, Confederate commissioner of prisoners, to General Winder, under whose control the Confederate military prisons were, that settles beyond dispute the fact that the Confederacy connived at the starvation of Union prisoners. This is an additional reason why, when the history of the late war is written without partisan color or bias, the war and the manner in which it was conducted against the Union will not stand in the opinion of men as justifiable. Following are the Ould letters:

CITY POINT, March 17, 1863.—Brig.-Gen. Winder—Sir: A flag of truce boat has arrived with 250 political prisoners, Gen. Barrow and several other prominent men among them. I wish you to send me at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning early all the military prisoners, except officers, and all the political prisoners you have. If any of the political prisoners have on hand proof enough to convict them of being spies or of having committed other offenses which should subject them to punishment, so state opposite their names. Also state whether you think under all the circumstances they should be released. The arrangement I have made works largely in our favor. We get rid of a set of miserable wretches and receive some of the best material I ever saw. Tell Capt. Turner to put down on the list of political prisoners the names of Edward G. Eggling and Eugenia Hammersmister. The President is anxious they should get off. They are here now. This of course is between ourselves. If you have any female political prisoner whom you can send off safely to keep her company I would like you to send her. Two hundred and odd more political prisoners are on their way. I would be more full in my communication if I had time.

Yours truly, R. OULD, Agent of Exchange.

Indorsement—Send all called for in this letter unless they are charged with some criminal offense. JOHN H. WINDER, Brig.-Gen.

Subsequently Commissioner Ould wrote another note, this time upon a small piece of white parchment, in which he referred to the necessity of transporting corn for the relief of the Confederate soldiers, regardless of the sufferings that might be entailed upon prisoners of war. In this document he said:

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, WAR DEPARTMENT, RICHMOND, VA., March 21, 1863.—Col. A. C. Myers, My Dear Sir: If the exigencies of our army require the use of trains for the transportation of corn, pay no regard to the Yankee prisoners. We would rather they should starve than our own people suffer. I suppose I can safely put it in writing, "let them suffer." The words are memorable, and it is fortunate that in this case they can be applied properly and without the intervention of a lying Quartermaster. Very truly, your faithful friend,

ROBERT OULD.

A Word From Gov. Campbell.

Gov. Campbell of Ohio, in an interview in New York, is reported as saying that Major McKinley is disposed to dodge the tariff in the Ohio campaign. If Mr. Campbell has any inclination toward a desire to be regarded as a man of truth he will not make any more such breaks. Major McKinley did not dodge that question in his campaign for Congress in a gerrymandered district with 9,000 Democratic majority against him and in the face of the most gigantic misrepresentations of free traders and tin peddlers, he cut that Democratic majority down to 312. Oh no, Mr. Campbell, Major McKinley is not a coward; he was never known to dodge nor to complain of the tools he was given to use, as Mr. Campbell did when he said the free silver plank should not have been put in the Democratic platform upon which he accepted a nomination.

Mr. Campbell, by the cheap method of a newspaper interview, cannot put himself in the position of appearing to force the fighting on the tariff in order that he may escape the dilemma he is in on free silver. Major McKinley has already swiped the brow of Democracy on the tariff in several speeches, especially in the one he delivered a week ago at Niles, O., where 30,000 people assembled to hear him.

More than this, since Major McKinley made his tariff speech at Niles there has been a noticeable lull among Democratic tongues. None of them have shown a disposition to trifle with the Niles speech. Nothing, in fact, has been said by these free trade warriors and nothing has been heard from them except what Campbell is reported to have said after he had gotten out of the state and that Roger Q. Mills had consented to speak in the Ohio campaign on the tariff.

We almost forgot to add that Mr. Taubeneck, the third party leader, has said since the Niles meeting that 20,000 Democrats in Ohio would vote for McKinley.

Guaranteed Cure for La Grippe.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell you Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with La Grippe and will use this remedy according to directions, giving it a fair trial and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We make this offer because of the wonderful success of Dr. King's New Discovery during last year's epidemic. Have heard of no case in which it failed. Try it. Trial bottle free at King & Wood's drug store. Large size 50c and $1.00. 4m

Reporting on the McKinley Law.

The investigation into the effects of the McKinley tariff which was undertaken by the Bureau of Statistics, and which has just been completed, must prove of great importance to the people. The fact that it will contain only the cold facts without partisan coloring will give the facts it contains a force that they could not otherwise have.

One of the important points touched by this report, and which has already been made public, is our foreign trade. It shows that in the ten months ending with July, in which our new tariff has been in force, the custom house receipts have fallen off nearly $27,000,000 as compared with the same period a year ago. This is on dutiable goods, of course; but while there has been this falling off in receipts on goods that pay a duty when goods that come in free are added to the dutiable goods the value of all merchandise imported during the 10 months is much greater than the value of the merchandise imported in the same time a year earlier, or before the new tariff law was passed. The merchandise that paid no duty, or the free list merchandise, imported in 1889-90 was 34 per cent. of the total in ports, while that of 1990-91 was 47 per cent.

On the other hand, instead of a falling off of exports, as certain partisans predicted would be the case under the new law, exports have grown to the extent of $32,000,000 over the exports of the period of a year before. These gains have been largely in manufactures. In addition to this the investigation has shown that taking the general list of goods on which duties were levied by the new law, prices have fallen since the law took effect.

This report completely upsets the prophesies of the Democratic free traders. They said if we tax the products of other nations and buy from ourselves other nations will not buy of us, but they have bought of us to a greater extent than before. They said the new tariff would increase the price of goods, but it has decreased the price of goods, as a whole. They said the new tariff would not stimulate old industries and would not promote new ones, but it has done both.

Democratic Campaign Thunder.

The Pennsylvania Democrats are making a campaign on the Bardsley defalcation. Bardsley was a Republican, held a local office and became a defaulter; was indicted, tried, convicted and sent to the penitentiary for a period equivalent to his natural life. No Republican had an apology for his perfidy; no Republican appealed to the court for leniency toward the criminal on the ground that he had been a good fellow. No Republican sent a troop of men into court to testify to Bardsley's previous good character; no Judge lowered the dignity of his great office in response to such testimony as the Democratic United States District Judge of this district did in the Bement post office case, in which the defendant was a Democrat. None of these things occurred in the Bardsley trial. He was allowed to walk the plank of justice lighted only by the crime he committed, and yet the Democrats of a great state propose to prosecute a political campaign of reform on the basis of Bardsley's defalcations because he was a Republican. Bardsley was treasurer of the city of Philadelphia. Democratic treasurers of the states of Arkansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Alabama, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Maryland and Delaware have stolen the people's money, and yet in not a single one of these Democratic states has that party made a campaign for reform on account of these Democratic thieves. The Pennsylvania Democratic leaders may be honest, but it don't look that way.

BOSTON STORE,

143 NORTH WATER ST.

TABLE LINENS.

Our inventory shows our stock of fine Table Linens to be heavier than we would wish to see it. To cut it down to where it belongs we will make a deep cut in prices. This sale will be of interest to every housekeeper who admires fine linens. We have always sold linens below all competition; this sale will outrank all others.

Our 65c Bleached Damask, 50c a yard.
Our 75c Bleached Damask, 60c a yard.
Our $1.00 Bleached Damask, 75c yard
Our 65c Cream Damask, 50c a yard.
Our 75c Cream Damask, 60c a yard.
Our 87c Cream Damask, 65c a yard.
Our $1.00 Cream Damask, 75c a yard

BOSTON STORE,

Jas. G. Walker & Co.

143 North Water St.

DECATUR,

FRIDAY, SEPT. 18.

Base Ball Grounds.

BARNUM & BAILEY'S

Greatest Show on Earth!

Larger and Greater than Ever Before in its History, and

NERO,

OR, THE DESTRUCTION OF ROME.

IMRE KIRALFY, Producer and Director.

The most colossal and tremendous amusement Enterprise ever organized. Exhibited in all its magnificent and undivided greatness, just as it amazed and charmed THE ENTIRE ROYAL FAMILY OF ENGLAND.

Endorsed by the Press, Clergy and the People of the World.

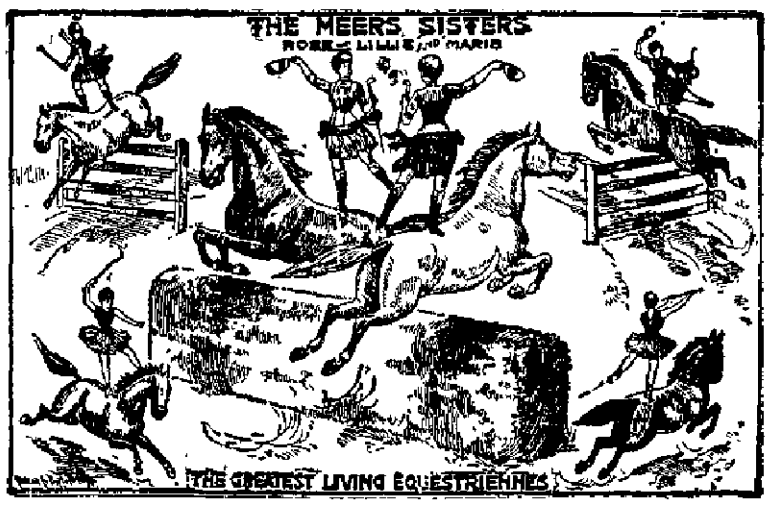
The Most Stupendous Entertainment on the Face of the Globe.

P. T. BARNUM, J. A. BAILEY, } Equal Owners. DAILY EXPENSES. $7,300 CAPITAL INVESTED. $3,500,000

Big Circus Companies in Three Rings.
Great Olympia Hippodrome Races,
Menageries of Wild and Trained Beasts,
Mammoth Museum, teeming with wonders,
Grand Horse Fair, with 400 premium horses,
2 Elevated Stages for original Olympian Sports,
Immense World's Fair of Modern Marvels,
Extensive Aviary, Aquarium, Illusions, &c.
Huge Stage, 450 feet long, for spectacular displays,
$250,000 worth of Costumes,
40 Ponies,
33 Chariots,
64 Cars,
4 Trains,
$75,000 in Scenery,
5 Advertising Cars,
126 Advance Agents,
20 Exciting Races,
4 Acres of Panorama,
10 Acres of Tents,
10 Dens of Wild Beasts,
400 Horses worth $130,000.

Unparalleled Terpsichorean Divertisement.

Which Excited the Admiration and Enthusiasm of all Europe



The Most Colossal, Magnificent, Classic, Historic, Dramatic Spectacle

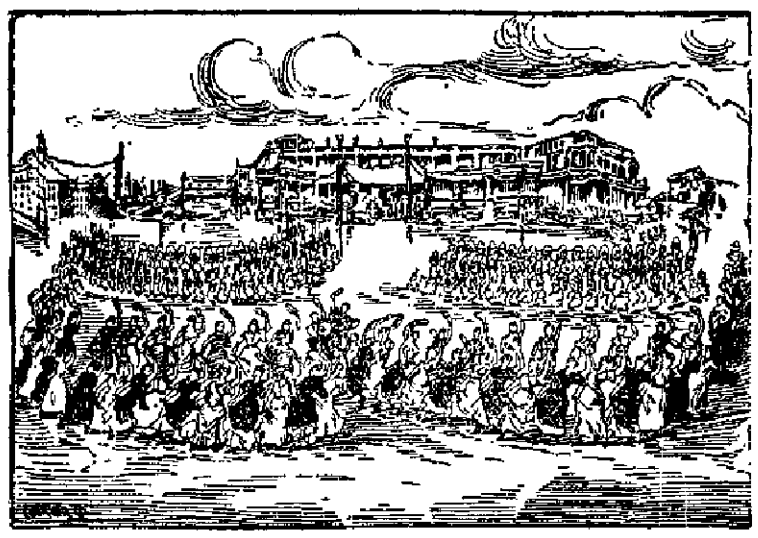
In all the annals of mankind. Produced with a corps of

Actually 1,200 Renowned ARTISTS and PERFORMERS

And containing the most elegant scenery, costumes, armor, weapons, horses, animals, pageants, triumphal chariots, male and female expert dancers, calcium lights, and every accessory known to modern progress.

A Rare Feast of old Roman Riches and an Embarrassment of Ancient Splendors.

Senators, Vestals, Musicians, Charioteers, Nobles, Martyrs, Dancers, Singers, Guards, Slaves, Priests, Soothsayers, all robed in the costliest materials, and most elegant fabrics, the whole presenting the grandest, most stupendous and gloriously great entertainment the sun ever shone upon.



Marriage Ceremonies of the Ancient Romans, Religious Fetes, Bacchanalian Orgies Barbarians, Spies, Embassadors, THE DAWN OF CHRISTIANITY, Together with all the Mighty and Novel Features of

BARNUM & BAILEY'S Greatest Show On Earth!

20 Clowns. Weird Mystic Supernatural Illusions.
2 Herds of Elephants, 2 Droves of Camels,
7 Open Dens of Wild Beasts. Desperate Contests.

ACTUALLY 100 CIRCUS PERFORMERS.

A Huge Stage 450 Feet Long. Monster Tent, 550 Feet Long.

3 Rings. 2 Elevated Stages. Hippodrome Racing Track. A Whole World of New and Original Attractions. THE ENTIRE EXHIBITION FOR ONE SINGLE TICKET.

ADMISSION, 50c. Children Under Nine Years, 25c

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY, at 2 and 8 P. M. Doors open an hour earlier.

For the accommodation of the public an office has been opened at THE POST OFFICE BOOK STORE, where reserved numbered seats can be bought at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance.

GREAT FREE STREET PARADE

With a wealth of Novelties and Wonders, at 9 o'clock on morning of show. Owing to the cost, elegance and delicate material of the new costumes used in Nero, they will not be seen in the street parade.

Cheap Excursions on All Roads

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Letter List.

Advertised letters remaining in the Postoffice Sept. 3, 1891:

Altman, Rose
Butler & [illegible] F. (3)
[illegible] A.
[illegible] Mollie H
Dempsey, F. W.
Gossett, S.
Huff, W. A.
King, Jas. E.
McClain, Court
Moore, Roscoe
Price, L. H.
Remington, I. M.
Wanna, Ida
Wright, J. S.
Brittan, A. N.
Campbell, Etura K.
Clark, Ebbie
Dempsey, A. H.
Devore, Wm. C.
Holmes, S. W.
Johnson, C.
Kohr, Nellie
Minor, Zella
Owens, D. C.
Reed, D. M.
Reynolds, Mollie (2)
Wood, James

FIRMS

Butler & Dempsey (3).

FOREIGN.

Knawerykа, Wigrocha.

J. T. HUBBARD, P. M.

DO YOU WANT—
A Cook Stove,
A Range,
A Heating Stove,
A Furnace,
If so call at HUBBARD & HOFFMAN'S, 233 North Main street, and see what they can do for you. Aug. 13-w1m

THE DESTRUCTION OF ROME.

Incidents in the Life of the Villainous Nero Graphically Portrayed.

Barnum & Bailey's show which exhibits in this city has a feature this year which is attracting unusual attention. It is a wonderous spectacle of the tragedy of Nero, or the destruction of Rome. The life acts of the attrocious Nero, the last of the Imperial Cæsars who reigned over 1800 years ago, are vividly portrayed, culminating in a representation of the burning of Rome. This production is said by those who have seen it to be superior to all other features of the great show. This part of the program opens with a view of the outside gates of ancient Rome, followed by an imperial fete day, Nero's triumphal procession, games of the circus Maximus, gladiatorial contests, chariot races, olympian games, marriage of Nero, interior of his palace, and his death.

WE HAVE
OUR NEW
Fall Clothing!
READY FOR INSPECTION,
For Men, Boys and Children.

YOUMAN'S
New Fall Styles in Derby Hats ARE HERE.

WE EXPECT TO MOVE TO
Our New Quarters
MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK,
About September 15th.

OTTENHEIMER & Co.
Decatur's Leading One-Price Clothiers.

All Colors in Infant's Fall Shoes. Boys' Genuine Goat Tan Shoes, Worth $3; $1.25 will Take Choice Of what is left. 25 Styles of Entirely New Ladies' Fine Shoes, AA, A, B, C, D, E, F, At POWERS' Wholesale and Retail SHOES.

School Shoes.
School Shoes.
School Shoes.
School Shoes.
School Shoes.
At Powers'
At Prices
To Please.

CHARGED WITH SWINDLE.

John Smith, of Maroa, Arrested at Lincoln on a Serious Charge.

LINCOLN, ILL., Sept. 8.—John Smith, of Maroa, was arrested by Constable Webb to-day on the charge of swindling. The alleged facts are as follows: Louis B. Hahn made a trade for some Kansas land recently with two strangers who were stopping at the Thompson boarding house. He gave them $500 and contracted to give also an engine and separator and thirteen horses. Hahn called in Attorney J. E. Miller to look at the papers and Mr. Miller discovered that the land was heavily mortgaged and advised Hahn to get back the contract. Miller and Hahn went with one of the men to the boarding house to look at the contract and Hahn was about to put the paper in his pocket when the stranger grabbed it and a rough-and-tumble struggle took place, Hahn finally holding on to the paper. Smith had his hearing and was held to $1000 bail, which he promptly furnished, Maroa parties signing the bond. It is said that the Maroa people will turn the tables on Mr. Hahn and arrest him for forcibly taking the papers.

Murder and Suicide.

Yesterday Bloomington had a bloody sensation over a love affair. Dr. Charles E Ballard, of Saybrook, Ill., and Miss Bertha Ison, late of Baker City, Ore., and daughter of the late Judge Luther B. Ison, of the latter place, were the parties to the tragedy. Ballard came to Bloomington last Friday and secured a license to marry Miss Ison who came there with her widowed mother a month ago to attend college. All day Saturday Ballard engaged in attempts to get Miss Ison to elope with him and Sunday visited her frequently and begged her to become his wife. She thought much of him, but begged him to postpone the event until after her education was completed. Ballard took his leave, bidding her a last adieu, saying he would go to Chicago, never to return to bother her. Monday, however, he appeared at her house and asked to see Miss Ison just for a minute. The interview was granted and while in the parlor Ballard produced a revolver and shot her twice, once through the temple and once through the heart, killing her instantly. With the smoking revolver still in his hand he rushed wildly to the garden in the rear of the house and there shot himself five times, once in the head and four times in the region of the heart. He died in a few minutes.

A Severe Test.

When a manufacturer, from years of observation, has so completely satisfied himself of the universal satisfaction given by his products, that he feels fully warranted in selling them under a certificate of guarantee, it is very natural to believe that such a producer has implicit confidence in the merits of his goods, and that, too, not without good reason. Such confidence is possessed by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., in Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines, and hence his "Favorite Prescription" is sold by druggists, as no other medicine for similar purpose ever was, under a *positive guarantee*, that it will in every case give satisfaction, or money paid for it will be refunded. It cures all those distressing and delicate ailments and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is not necessary to enumerate the long catalogue of derangements, both functional and organic, of the female system which this marvelous remedy overcomes. They are, alas! but too well-known to most females who have attained womanhood, to need more than a hint to make them plain to their understanding.

A New Abstract Office.

The new abstract firm of J. H. Durfee & Co. have opened an office at the corner of Main and Water streets, over Linn & Scruggs, and are now prepared to furnish abstracts of title to all real estate in Macon county. The business of the firm will be under the management of James H. Durfee, the old reliable abstractor, whose experience in the abstract business, extending over a period of 20 years, has given him a familiarity with Macon county titles and a degree of proficiency in his business seldom equaled. Mr. Durfee had charge of the abstract books of Warren & Durfee up to the time of their retirement from the abstract business, since which event he has been employed a large part of the time in the preparation of the abstract books to be used by the new firm. His work has always commanded the confidence of attorneys and real estate men by its reliability, and his reputation in this respect will recommend the new firm to the confidence of the public.

Lake City News.

Messrs. Henry Sinclair and Allie Dickson did business in Decatur Monday.

Will Dickson started for Covington, Indiana, Monday, where he expects to attend school this winter.

Miss Laura Odor visited Mt. Zion Sunday.

Miss Mary Bagget visited in Hervey Sunday.

Trum Smith, of Lovington, was here Sunday evening.

G. L. Solders and family visited Charles Lacost and family near Dalton Sunday.

James Howell, of McGinty, was here Sunday.

L. E. D.

Do You Want a Farm?

FOR SALE—140 acres of land, to-wit: west half of the northeast quarter of section 33, and the east half of the northwest quarter of section 33, less 20 acres off the south end. This land is situated in Wheatland township, 4½ miles northeast of Decatur. Inquire of C. H. Garver, Oreana, Ill. Sept 3-w4w

The Everlasting Steel

Windmills, with steel tilting or fixed towers, are sold exclusively by FISHER & LONG, of Decatur, Ill. july23-w9w

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OUR Fast Black Hose will not fade, and will outwear any that has yet been produced. Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Co. d&w

FOUND DEAD IN A CHAIR.

A Plain Case of Suicide at the Witke Hotel.

From Saturday's Daily.

Last evening at 5 o'clock Albert Bentler, a German laboring man, aged thirty-five years, supposed to have relatives and friends at Iuka, Marion county, Ill., was found dead in a chair at Fred Witke's hotel, 517 Maryland street, his head resting on the edge of a small table on which was an open knife, newly sharpened, and some writing material. One envelope was addressed to Fred Timm, Iuka, Ill., but it contained no message. On the floor was some white powder and a small piece of blank paper, in which the powder had been wrapped. The suicide had vomited blood and stuff. Mr. Witke's boys found the body, and Mr. W. went after Officers Baylor and Kirkbride, who came over from the depot and remained with the body until Coroner Bendure arrived. It appears that Bentler came to Decatur on August 31st, and that day left about $21 with Witke. He took it away next day, when he went to Macon. He came back September 2d, and said he was not feeling well. When the body was searched the coroner found $17.40. An inquest was held at the Bullard undertaking rooms this morning, Jack McWhinney, J. W. Kirkbride, A. S. Baylor, John Young, E. S. Baker and Emil H. Young serving as jurymen. The verdict was that deceased destroyed his own life by taking poison, supposed to have been strychnine.

The remains will be interred this evening.

Sales of Real Estate.

Will L. Shellabarger to Samuel Allsop, deed to 40 feet off the south side of lot 4, block 8, in Read & Co.'s addition—$2,000.

J. K. Warren et al to Geo. L. Snoddy, deed to lot 17, block 3, Warren & Co.'s 9th addition—$360.

Chloe A. Murphy to John W. Wolfe, deed to lot 4, block 1, H. A. Wood's 2d addition—$400.

Mary C. Lehman to Max Atlass, south half of lot 3, block 3, Durfee & King's addition to Decatur, $1750.

Rebecca Braden to Fannie Kepler, 12 acres in southwest quarter of 11, 18, 3 east, $700.

T. H. Fierce to James McNeal, the west half of the northeast corner of 8, 14, 3 east; also 20 acres off the west side of the east half of the northeast quarter of section 8, 14, 3 east, $6500.

M. O. Rambo to Sarah Rambo, one-half interest in lot 8, and the west half of lot 7, block 3, in the village of Oreana, $200.

Charles J. Holt to Frank O. Damrow, deed to lot 6, and 10 feet off the west side of lot 3, Durfee's resurvey of lots 1, 2 and 3, block 3, Western addition—$1500.

T. H. Fierce to James McNeal, deed to 100 acres in 8, 14, 3 east.

Geo. W. Drury to Alexander McBride, lot 2, block 7, in the village of Oreana—$300.

Samuel Davis to J. H. Morris, quit claim to 120 acres in 25, 15, 2 east; also lots 2 and 3 in the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of 33, 15, 2 east—$200.

Adele Bishop to Alice J. Bishop, quit claim to lot 8, block 1, J. F. Montgomery's addition to Decatur—$7,500.

Charles Bruce to D. W. Moore, 1 acre in the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of 1, 16, 1 west—$50.

Alice J. Bishop to I. N. Barnes, the north 40 feet of lot 8, block 1, of J. F. Montgomery's addition to Decatur—$6,000.

F. W. Caldwell to A. T. Summers, quit claim to lot 5, block 9, South addition, and lot 6, block 8, Crowder & Corthwait's addition of out lots—$1.00.

John E. Kinney to F. P. Roddy, et al, quit claim to strip of ground 10 feet wide in block 2, Oglesby's addition—$150.

F. P. Roddy to W. H. Long, deed to all of north half of lot 2, R. J. Oglesby's addition except 55 feet in width from front to rear on northside—$2800.

F. B. Miller to A. H. and L. N. Cope, deed to lot 7, block 2, Kinney's first addition to Decatur—$375.

William Brinkman to A. H. and L. N. Cope, deed to lot 6, block 2, Kinney's first addition—$350.

A. T Summers to Rosetta Donnell, lot 22, block 3, H. H. Wise's 2d sub-division, $250

Margaret A. Corn to John Heckman, ⅔ interest in the west half of the southeast ¼; ⅔ interest in the east half of the southwest quarter; ⅔ interest in a tract in 30, 17, 4 east, in all 208 acres, $7,000.

Nancy Weit to S. M. C. Davis, the southwest quarter of 28, 16, 2 east, $2120.

Mary A. O. Cooper to O. G. Hostetler, 75 feet off west end lot 2, Michl, Harpstrite & Shlaudeman's addition to Decatur, $650.

H. A. Wood to L. A. Brown, lot 5 in block 3, H. A. Wood's West Park addition to Decatur, $200

C. Hays to J. R. Hays, all his interest in 15 acres in the southeast quarter of 26, 17, 2 east, $250.

C. M. Allison to W. H. Bean, lot 7, in block 2, P. H. Brueck's 2d addition to Decatur, $500.

Thos. Costello to H. M. Mathias, 37 acres in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of 33, 18, 3 east, $2705.

S. P. Donnell to F. W. Caldwell, the east half of lot 5, block 9, South addition to Decatur, $1,000.

Wm. Rea to Guy Helm, the west half of the southwest quarter of 30, 17, 4 east—$400.

Achillia Morris to Guy Helm, lot 1, of the southwest quarter of 30, 17, 4 east—$800.

Henry A. Wood to Laura B. File, lot 10 in block 4 of H. A. Wood's West Park addition—$250.

Philena A. Johnson to Martha J. Kraus, deed to lot 16, block 2, M. Johnson's sub-division—$500.

Philena A. Johnson to Geo. W. Handy, deed to lots 5 and 6, block 2, in M. Johnson's sub-division—$1200.

Michael Hamer to Doinis Daniels, deed to 40 acres in 15, 16, 3 east—$1850.

George A. Boughn to Charles H. Faith, deed to 80 acres in 16, 17, 1 east—$6,000.

Samuel Donnell to F. W. Caldwell, deed to the west half of lot 5, block 9, South addition—$1,000.

Elizabeth Turpin and others to William Rider, deed to 6.75 acres in 1, 15, 3 east—$125

Newton E. Adams to Frank P. Butt, deed to lot 15, block 2, Warren & Co.'s 4th addition—$3,000.

J. E. Nichols to Alice East, deed to lot 11, block 2, Warren & Co.'s 4th addition—$2,000.

ALLUMINUM THIMBLES
—ARE—
HARDER THAN SILVER,
BRIGHTER THAN SILVER,
LIGHTER THAN SILVER,
More Durable than any other Metal, and only cost
25 CENTS EACH,
—AT—
OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.'S,
Leading Jewelers.

WE SHALL BE CROWDED
For Room This Week
—IN OUR—
HOUSE FURNISHING
DEPARTMENT.
We have Placed on Sale our Line of
Chenilles, Portieres, Draperies and Rugs,
At LESS than Manufacturer's Prices.

Bradley Bros.
Agents for the Jouvin Kid Gloves.
Gloves Fitted to the Hand and Quality Warranted.
Corner of Water and William Streets.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SPECIAL BARGAINS

The Lowest of Low Prices!

The Best Goods for the Least Money!

Can Always be ad at the

NEW STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank.

35 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel at 3 cents per yard.
30 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel at 6¼c per yard.
30 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel at 7 cents per yard.
40 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel, worth 10c, for 8½c.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

15 Pieces Persian Plaids 12½c per yard.
20 Pieces Brown and Gray Mixed Dress Flannel at 25c a yd.
25 Pieces Heavy Bengal Twill Dresss Flannel, worth 33⅓c, for 25c a yard.

French Cloth.

52 Inches wide, at the Low Prices of 55c; 65c and 85c a yd.

CALICOES

AT 5c PER YARD.

15 Dozen Heavy Jersey Vests, Long Sleeves. Perfect Fitting, AT 25c EACH.

BARGAINS in Dry Goods, Notions and Hosiery,

AT

The New Store,

ONE DOOR NORTH OF MILLIKIN'S BANK.

S. HUMPHREYS.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.,

136 to 144 East Wood Street,

LEADING DECATUR DEALERS IN

Carriages and Buggies

Phætons, Road Wagons,

AND

A FULL LINE OF VEHICLES.

Everything

IN THE

FARMING IMPLEMENT LINE.

No Advance in Prices,
Finest Display in the City.

☞ You are cordially invited to inspect our goods.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD,
BURROWS & CO.
BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper,

LOAN MONEY on MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of charge.

Great Bargains

in Summer Underwear. Children's ribbed vests 5c, at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

COME and see our Buggies, Surreys Phaetons, Spring Wagons and Road Carts—the best made and cheapest in town. THE SPENCER AND LEHMAN CO., Nov 5-dawtf] South Main and Wood sts

"Centemeri" Kid Gloves in Black and Colors, at Linn & Scruggs' Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

LOWELL carpets, bodies and ingrains the handsomest and best in the United States, received direct from the mills by Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

OLD COMRADES MEET

Reunion of the 115th and 116th Illinois Regiments at Riverside Park.

Basket Dinner—Address by Col. Waters and Others—Roster of Veterans Present.

From Thursday's Daily.

The annual joint reunion of the survivors of two gallant regiments, the 115th and 116th Illinois Infantry, is in progress to-day at Riverside Park, with a large attendance of veterans. The various committees had done their work well and consequently the arrangements were complete.

The late Gen. J. H. Moore was the first colonel of the 115th Regiment, which was formed of Macon, Shelby, Christian, Edgar, Tazewell and Sangamon county men. The lieutenant colonels were Wm. Kennan and George A. Pateet; Pateet and John W. Lapham were the majors. John H. Woods, Allen Litsenberger and W. W. Peddecord were the adjutants, B. F. Farley and C W. Jerome were the quartermasters, and E. W. Moore, C. W. Higgins and Garver H. Bane were the surgeons. The 115th made a fine record n the service, and were in many important engagements.

The 115th held their business meeting before noon, and continued the old committee on regimental history.

F. L Hays was elected president; E. W. Dace, 1st vice president; Theodore Vaughan, 2d vice president; J. S. Carter Secretary, and C. M. Imboden, treasurer. The retiring treasurer reported a balance of $7 in the treasury.

The first Thursday of September was selected as the day upon which all annual reunions of the regiment shall be held. (The organization of the 116th Ill. is expected to concur in this arrangement.)

F. L. Hays, A. Litsinberger, Cyrus M. Imboden and Dr. E. W. Moore were selected as a committee to arrange for the next reunion.

The dinner did justice to the wives of the members of these regiments, and can not be better described than was done by a man not a member of either regiment, but who ate dinner on the ground, when he said: "It was the best dinner I ever ate on an occasion of this kind; every article of food served gave evidence of the fact that there must have been a first-class cook behind it."

Col. Louis H. Waters, 84th Ill., Kansas City, who is to make the principal speech this afternoon, is on the ground.

Jonathan B. Green, of Champaign, who was sergeant major of the 84th, came in to meet his old colonel, and the pair are having a grand reunion of their own.

The program this afternoon consisted of singing and speaking.

115TH VETERANS.

Below is a list of the veterans of the 115th Regiment, who had registered up to noon:

John Reardon, Co H, Los Angeles, Cal.
G W. Rhodes, Co. C, Mt Carmel, Ill
Thomas Stone, Co. C, Mt. Carmel, Ill.
Overton Parke, Co. D, Rushville, Ill.
J. W. Robertson, Co. D, Rushville, Ill.
George Gregory, Co. D, Rushville, Ill.
George Cross, Co. D, Beardstown, Ill.
E. W. Dace, Co. D, Rushville, Ill.
J. W. Keeler, Co. G, Leon, Iowa.
William Atkins, Co. G, Eureka, Kansas.
J. A. Barnes, Co. E, Boody, Ill.
W. A. Markwell, Co. E, Bement, Ill.
George W. Mills, Co. F, Princeton, Ind.
Geo. A Pateet, Lieut. Col, Kansas City, Mo.
J. W. Ran, Co H, Frederick, Ill.
P. J. Smedley, Co. D, Frederick, Ill.
U Creager, Co, H, Farmer City, Ill
W. H. Weatherford, Co. H, Boody, Ill.
R. E. Goodrich, Co. E, Coatesville, Ind.
David Jarvis, Co A, Terre Haute, Ind.
R. J. Roberts, Co. F, Decatur, Ill.
F. L Hays, Co. F, Decatur, Ill.
J. S. Carter, Co, F, Decatur, Ill.
Samuel Hymer, Co. D, LaCygne, Kansas.
Robert Young, Co H, Illiopolis, Ill.
H. R Adams, Co E, Moweaqua.
J. W Waldron, Co. F, Oreana.
W. B. Price, Co. F, Oreana.
W. H. Kolp, Co F, Elwin
J S. Tolley, Co. G, Tower Hill.
Michael Dace, Co D, Rushville.
G. Middleton, Co. F, Oakford.
W. T. Bider, Co. E, Boody.
John Darmer, Co E, Champaign.
J. H. Herdman, Co. E, Taylorville.
A. Litsenberger, Adjutant, Decatur.
E W. Moore, Surgeon, Decatur.
R. W. Shull, F, Decatur.
E. T. Clements, E, Blue Mound.
John Gore, A, Taylorville.
S. Rugh, E, Boody.
J. D. Johnson, A, Mechanicsburg.
John Large, A, Maxfield, Kansas.
W. F. Gore, A, Taylorville.
Richard Lee, A, Edinburg.
Phil Clements, F, Stonington.
Joseph Large, A, Owaneco.
A. B. Leiper, A, Owaneco.
C. M. Imboden, F, Decatur.
D Throckmorton, A, Decatur.
W H. Reid, B, Stonington.
Perry Van Cleve, I, Blue Mound.
J. T Smith, 84th, Iowa.

116TH VETERANS.

The 116th Regiment was made up chiefly of Macon county men. On Nov. 8, 1862, there were 980 officers and privates in line as they marched from the camp at the old fair grounds through the streets of the city to the Union depot to take the train for Cairo. The regiment came back in 1865 with only 350 men The colonels were N. W. Tupper and John E. Maddux; the lieutenant colonels, J. P. Boyd, Anderson Froman, John E. Maddux and John S. Windsor; the majors, A. Froman, Anderson McClurg, John S. Windsor and Nicholas Geschwind; the adjutants, O. H. Fuller, W. E. Crissey and Myron Holcomb; the quartermasters, Lyman King and C. F. Emery; the surgeons, chief, Dr. Ira N. Barnes; assistant surgeon, John A. Heckelman; chaplain, N. M. Baker. The 116th was a fighting regiment from the first, and was in all important engagements to the end.

James Stine, Co. A, La Place.
John W. Nichols, A, Decatur.
John W. Foster, B, Niantic.
W. W. Winn, A, Newman.
A. C. Stevens, A, Decatur.
Dan Moore, G. Decatur.
David Shoemaker, K, Decatur.
John J. Neyhart, A, Decatur.
D. A. Farnam, E, Zenobia.
L. C. Farnam, E, Pawnee.
A. H. Farnam, E, Niantic.
John Kimmer, G, Assumption.
R. Workhiser, I, Decatur.
Jason K[illegible], I, Decatur.
[illegible], I, Decatur.
Alonzo Ray, D, Maroa.
J. A. Cochran, C, Long Creek
I. N. Martin, I, Decatur.
A. J Williams, B, Decatur.
J W. McKee, A, Cisco
Henry Shaw, K, Decatur.
W. Sprague, E, Argenta.
W. L Johnson, G, Assumption.
Larkin Fessler, D, Argenta.
B. W Schenk, D, Decatur.
Daniel Bowen, A, Cerro Gordo.
John Shannon, D, Argenta.
John W. Sigafoose, B, Bethany.
Frederic T Shew, A, Bethany
Frederic Swab, I, Emery.
Lou L. Houck, B, Troutman.
Henry Mahannah, G, Casner.
John W. Miller, B, Decatur.
Ira N. Barnes, Surgeon, Decatur.
John McWhinney, B, Decatur.
A. Gilleland, H, Moaweqna.
Frederick Fuller, B, Blue Mound.
Albert McKee, A, Warrensburg.
John Fields, A, Cerro Gordo
Elijah Coombs, C, Chesterville.

From Friday's Daily.

There were 56 veterans of the 115th and 67 veterans of the 116th Illinois regiments at the reunion at Riverside Park yesterday, and after the basket dinner and personal greetings the comrades were called to order, the formal exercises being held in the pavilion. On the platform were Mrs. Jesse H. Moore, widow of the first colonel of the 115th, the orator of the day and others. Dr. E. W. Moore offered prayer, and after war songs Major Hays introduced Col. Louis H. Waters, of Kansas City, a veteran of the 84th Illinois regiment. The colonel gave the boys a rattling good talk, recalling the sad and amusing experiences of the war in a way which struck home every time. The colonel and the 84th were with the two Illinois regiments during the war, and the history and yarns related by the speaker were familiar to the veterans and could be appreciated. The address was received with applause by the veterans. Short talks were made after the colonel ceased speaking.

Miss Jessie Steele, daughter of G. R. Steele and grand-daughter of Mrs. Moore, gave two vocal solos—"With My Grand Army Badge on My Breast" and "Taps." Miss Anna Butler, of La Place, favored the meeting with a fine recitation, "Twenty Years Ago."

On behalf and in the name of Mrs. Moore, a fine portrait of Gen. J. H. Moore was presented to the 115th organization by Major Steele. It was accepted by Dr. Moore in the name of the organization. These additional names of 115th comrades present were enrolled:

N. Bridgeman, Co. L. Moweaqua.
J. R. Gore, A., Taylorville.
E. B. Swaltz, Shelbyville.

116TH OFFICERS.

The following officers of the 116th Regimental Association were elected:

President—Ira N. Barnes, Decatur.
Vice-President—I N Martin, Sr., Decatur
Corresponding Secretary—A. F. Hopkins, Elwin.
Statistical Secretary—A C Stevens, Decatur
Assistant—John Scott, Decatur.
Treasurer—Daniel Moore, Decatur.
The County Secretaries—Al McKee, Co. A, Warrensburg, Jack McWhinney, Co. B, Decatur, J. A. Cochran, Co C, Long Creek, C. F Emery, Co. D, Maroa; R. M. Hamilton, Co. E, Harristown, Harvey Mahannah, Co G, Decatur, A. Gilleland, Co. H, Moweaqua, I. N. Martin, Co. I, Decatur, William Hamsher, Co K, Decatur.

The following completes the list of registered comrades of the 116th, making a total of 67 who attended the reunion:

A F. Hopkins, Q M. S., Elwin.
Joseph D. Ryan, Co. D, Niantic.
A B Champion, C, Mt. Zion.
W S. Turpin, C, Dalton City
Daniel Shutter, B, Oreana.
Thomas Long, A, Cerro Gordo.
A. E Parr, E. Cisco
W. T. Schenck, D, Maroa
E M. Kile, E, Cisco.
A. Hoots, G, Oakley
James K. Peck, A, Cerro Gordo
W H Bowdle, A, Milmine
Amos Fry, B, Decatur
James H Jones, C, Mt Zion
D K Pound, C, Decatur
Alex Davidson, C, Elwin
Milton Billings, B, Cerro Gordo
William Grason, A, Cerro Gordo.
J M Hawk, E, Niantic
H C Traughber, C, Monett, Mo
W R Herrington, A, Buck Creek, Ind
R M Hamilton, E, Harristown
Z R Prather, C, Decatur
R D Wilson, C, Decatur
William Hamsher, K, Decatur
George W Lyon, A. Decatur
F M Garver, B, Decatur

It was voted to hold the next reunion with the 115th on the first Thursday in September, '92.

Odd Fellows.

The sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will meet this year in St. Louis on Sept. 21 and continuing to and including the 26th. This body has full control of the various grand bodies of Odd Fellows of the world, and at the gathering will be representatives from the various countries of Europe, Asia, the islands of the Pacific, and every state and territory in the United States, and many of the countries of South America The parade will be one of the largest ever witnessed in the west. Capt. Newt. Davis will take Canton Decatur, Patriarchs Militant, to St. Louis and compete for the cash in the prize drills.

A Mother's Mistake.

Mothers frequently make a mistake in neglecting the Cough of a child. A Fort Wayne, Ind, lady writes: My little daughter, 6 years old, had a severe Cough, but as it was nothing unusual I thought nothing of it, and allowed it to run on for 4 or 5 weeks, when it became so obstinate she began losing flesh. I called in a physician, who treated her three weeks without benefit. A neighbor insisted upon my trying Ballard's Horehound Syrup, it relieved her from the first dose, and she began gaining flesh rapidly; when we had used two bottles her Cough had entirely disappeared. I would not be without it. It does not constipate my children. Ballard's Horehound Syrup is free from Opiates. It's the most soothing Throat and Lung medicine in the world. Price, 50c and $1.00. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 2

FAST BLACK Dragon Organdies, French Mousseline, Wool Challies and all Summer Dress Goods, greatly reduced in prices at the great clearing sale of Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

A Small Amount of MONEY

Will purchase a LARGE QUANTITY OF GOODS at our store. Call and examine goods mentioned.

All colors double-fold Worsted Dress Goods, 10c a yard—regular 15c goods.
Brocaded Black Sateens, selling at 25c, are 19c a yard; 35c quality at 25c a yard.
Dark Heavy Gingham, 7c a yard.
Turkey Red Damask, 23c a yard.
Table Napkins, fringed, good size, 67c a dozen.
Heavy Canton Flannel, 5c a yard.
Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Vests, 25c.
Ladies' Heavy Hose, 10 a pair.
An extra value in a Children's Heavy Cotton Double-Knee School Hose.

Chas. T. Johnston.

Hays' Old Stand.
151 NORTH WATER STREET

THEY ARE COMING IN DAILY.

The finest and most carefully selected Stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing

EVER SHOWN IN DECATUR.

NOBBY STYLES for the good dresser.
STAPLE STYLES for the more mature age.
NATTIE STYLES for the BOYS.

In fact Everything First-class, at prices that are always right at the

Live and Let-Live Clothiers,

BRYAN, JONES & CO.

STOP + AND + READ

How Cheap and Easy You can Furnish your Home.

COOK STOVE AND TRIMMINGS,	$20.00
BED-ROOM SUIT,	20.00
PARLOR SUIT,	30.00
SIDEBOARD,	15.00
DINING TABLE,	6.00
HIGH-BACK CHAIRS,	8.00

You can make a small payment down, the balance in weekly or monthly payments.

WHY NOT LIVE IN STYLE AND COMFORT?

Remember, the Largest House Furnishers in Central Illinois

BACHMAN BROS.,

East Main Street, Sign of the Big Elephant.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WE ARE CLOSING OUT

100 All-Wool Suits

AT

$9.75,

Worth from $12.00 to $15.00.

These Goods are Medium Weight, and we have more of them on hand than we care to carry over. We must get rid of them, and if you want a Bargain, here is your chance.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

Decatur, Illinois.

DIAMONDS!

Lowest Priced House in Decatur for FINE DIAMONDS.

Our greatest desire is that the qualities should be right, (and they are.)

No one should purchase before examining the Special Values we offer in SOLITAIRE, EAR-DROPS, LACE-PINS, STUDS and FINGER RINGS.

Diamonds Handsomely Re-Set on Short Notice.

MONEY CAN BE SAVED

And Finer Qualities obtained by Purchasing of

W. R. ABBOTT & Co.

WE HAVE

"Got Them on the List."

Names of parties for whom Lytle & Eckels and THE LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE Co. have put in FURNACES since January, 1889:

Theron Powers, "
F. W. Green, "
F. M. Young, "
John Quinlan, "
Mrs. M. E. Mills, "
Chas. Murphy, "
Chas. T. Haigh, "
Mrs. Whitsit, "
S. M. Irwin, "
G. P. Hardy, "
G. P. Blume, "
Congregational Church, "
J. M. Dodd, "
Christian Church, Harristown.
A. H. Cope, Decatur.
N. Troutman, "
W. M. Bundy, "
Mrs. R. O. Dumont, "
A. J. Stoutenborough, Maroa.
School Board, Town 4, Shelby county.
E. O. Smith, Moweaqua.
C. P. Church, Bethany.
J. H. Culver, Decatur.
A. T. Summers, "
A. Shoemaker, "
J. H. Wilkinson, Bethany.
James A. Phillips, Decatur.
Anna B. Millikin Home, "
Cal Waggoner, "

LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE CO.

LOCAL NEWS.

NOAH CHILDS has sold his horse, "Manley," sired by "Mammont," to Chas. Wheeler for $450.

ATTORNEY H. H. CREA, master-in-chancery for Piatt county, has purchased the John E. Andrew abstract office at Monticello, and will conduct the business in connection with his duties as master.

THE will of the late Mrs. Ann M. Stamper, wife of W. T. Stamper, was filed for probate in the county court today. Miss Josephine A. Stamper is the executrix. The bond was fixed at $15,000. Value of real estate, $6,000; personal property, $1500.

The fractious black mare, Blossom, was brought on the track to go in the trot, but she could not be brought to scoring, and finally she was withdrawn, and Col. Walker said that all bets were declared off, and the pool-sellers forked over the money put up to the proper parties.

THE first American tin plate worthy of mention was manufactured in Pittsburg and sent to Decatur, Ill., for a roof for the Decatur coffin factory. There is something dismally appropriate about this infant industry's first act in going to the aid of one of the oldest industries known to mankind.—*Springfield News.*

WHEN you desire a pleasant physic, one that will cleanse your system and give you the clear-headedness and buoyancy of youth, try St. Patrick's Pills. They are the most pleasant cathartic and liver pills in use, and having once tried them, we are confident that you will never be satisfied with any other kind. 25 cents per box. For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

Death of C. M. Dillinger.

From Thursday's Daily.

C. M. Dillinger, of Warrensburg, died there this morning at the age of 65 years He leaves a widow, and of a family of nine children, seven survive him, all grown.

About two years ago a small blister appeared upon one of his toes, which resulted in a sore, on account of which, a year ago last February, about half his foot was amputated. After the amputation the wound healed except a small space which continued to suppurate until about three or four weeks ago, when it healed. Blood-poisoning followed and caused his death.

Mr. Dillinger was a leading citizen of this county, respected by all who knew him. He was born in Westmoreland county, Pa., May 9, 1828; moved to Iowa in 1850, and to Illinois, near where he died, in 1868, where, with the exception of two years, about 1883 and 1884, when he lived in Decatur, he has lived ever since.

Like Finding $100.

From Thursday's Daily.

Yesterday the Col. I. C. Pugh Camp No., Sons of Veterans, drill squad reported at the Farmer City fair to go in the prize drill sor $100, but when Capt. Cassell and the Decatur lads swung out on the drill ground the other camps threw up the sponge and refused to compete. Consequently Capt. Cassell got the $100 by giving an exhibition drill and the boys came home happy, another victory won.

Will Meet in Decatur.

Next year the annual reunion of the 107th Illinois regiment will be held in Decatur. This regiment was made up of Piatt and DeWitt county men, and Tom Snell, of Clinton, was the colonel. It is expected that the 41st regiment will meet with the 107th.

Aloha Takes $600.

The Decatur horse, Aloha, won another running race at Chicago yesterday, free handicap, seven furlongs, in 1:28½, defeating Guido, Mary McGowan, Ed Leonard and Crab Cidar, all fine three-year-olds. Aloha sold in the pools 6 to 5.

Wedded.

From Friday's Daily.

John W. Bartholomew, of Decatur, and Miss Lulu Mills were married yesterday at the home of the bride at Litchfield.

MARRIED.

By A. C. Stevens, J. P., at the home of the bride's mother, 409 South Franklin street, on Wednesday, September 2, 1891, Mr. Frank A. Johnson and Miss Emma C. Collins.

A good company of friends was present, and a splendid supper was served.

By Ira B. Curtis, J. P., at the Hotel Brunswick parlor, September 3, Leander Kincaid, of Blue Mound, and Mrs. Mary Nebo, of Harristown.

Deafness Can't Be Cured

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result; and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

THE census of 1890 shows that the real and personal property in the United States increased in the last decade $7,349,586,261.

THOSE who are interested in the merits of the various cough medicines should read the statement of Mr. S. B. Walker, a prominent citizen and druggist at Calamus, Iowa. It is as follows: "I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for eight years, and it has given universal satisfaction to my customers. I use no other in my family, and have never called a doctor for any throat or lung trouble. We feel that we could not keep house without it.' 50 cent bottles, for sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

FOUR RACING EVENTS

Joe Egbert Gets a Lower Mark at the Decatur Meeting.

TO-DAY'S AWARDS IN THE HORSE RING

Maud S, Dallas, Armand and Texas Girl the Speed Winners—No Balloon Race Because of the Stiff Breeze—Special Features.

From Thursday's Daily.

The second day of the fall meeting of the Decatur Trotting Association yesterday afternoon drew a good sized crowd, there being a larger number of ladies and children present than on the opening day. There were many in the grand stand and in private vehicles who had waited through the afternoon to witness the advertised balloon race between Miss Tillie Hagle and her brother, both to come down in parachutes, the one reaching the ground first to get an ice cream soda, or something more substantial, besides the plaudits of the populace; but much to the regret of the racing association, the people and the contestants, the ascension had to be declared off on account of the high wind, which would have made it extremely difficult to inflate the air-ships and exceedingly dangerous to take the trip. The wind which prevailed would have driven the balloon a mile a minute and the parachutes two miles a minute. That is what Mr. Hagle said in his speech to the crowd, adding that by the omission of the ascension he was out $250. He was in his flesh colored uniform, as was also his sister.

Among the special features of the afternoon was the exhibition of L. A. Davies' *Roy Wilkes*, the pacing stallion, record 2:08½, and one of his colts, a spirited filley, who has made remarkably fast time for a colt; also "Riley," the pacing horse, record 2:19¼, owned by S. W. Chapman, of Elgin, driven by Miss Lola Grimes, daughter of Gee Grimes, of Terre Haute. It was announced that Miss Grimes had driven the horse at Terre Haute in 2:19¼, and would drive him at the Decatur meeting Friday afternoon. "Riley" has a history. Some years ago when he was a slow pacer, Mr. Chapman shipped him in a freight car from Freeport to Elgin. On the way there was a collision with a gravel train and *Riley* and a number of other horses were badly injured. It was thought that *Riley's* back was broken and Chapman demanded $3,500 from the railroad company. They refused to pay the claim. A lawsuit resulted and Chapman got a verdict for $3,500. The case was taken to the supreme court and the verdict was sustained. Chapman not only got his money, but rather than pay the bill of the veterinarian the company gave Chapman the pacer if he would liquidate the charges. Chapman took the $3,500 and the horse and *Riley* got well and is now in prime condition, and can go a mile with the best flyers on the track. Since the decision in the Chapman case all horsemen know that if one of their horses gets injured or killed in railway wrecks they can hold the railroad companies responsible for such damages as may be fixed by juries.

THE RACES.

The postponed half mile dash running race was the first event on the card. It was a roast for the crowd and everybody was glad when it was over. There were four starters and resulted:

Maud S	1
Nappa	2
Passion	3
Midnight	4

Time, 50 seconds.

THE PACE.

2:25 class; purse $300

Kissell's Dallas, C. F. Kissell, Indianapolis, Ind	1	2	1	1
Joe Egbert, Brenneman & Watt, Decatur	3	1	2	3
Hello, Jewettsville, N. Y.	2	3	3	2

Time, 2:27¾; 2:25¼; 2:24¼ and 2:30.

THE TROT.

2:30 class; purse $400.

Armand, J. J. Mays, Bloomington	1	1	3	1
Raymond Wilkes, Garrett Noggle, Kewanee, Ill	2	3	1	2
Kate F, W. T. Wood Newpoustt, Ill	3	2	2	3

Time, 2:32½; 2:31, 2:30¼ and 2:31½.

RUNNING RACE—MILE DASH.

Texas Girl	1
Dan Meeks	2
Volpurson	3

Auro and Red Fox no place.
Time, 1:46¾.

THE HORSE FAIR.

Decatur streets were thronged with visitors to-day to attend the horse fair at the Trotting Park this forenoon and to take in the races this afternoon.

THE AWARDS.

The judges this forenoon in the horse show class were Robert Patterson, of Macon, A. W. Hardy, J. W. Rowell, Wm. Lowry, of St. Louis, and D. A. McCrory, of Macon, with Charles Hoy as clerk. But three judges served at a time. The awards were as follows:

For the exhibitor of the best French draft horse, 3 year old class: 1st to Mithal, owned by Macon Breeders' Association; 2d to Matinal, owned by J. P. Parker, of Maroa. 2-year old class, 1st to Custer, owned by C. Dunkle, of Forsyth.

To exhibitor of best general purpose horses: 1st to Geronomo, owned by Macon Breeders' Association; 2d to Gen. Jackson, owned by Brenneman Bros.

To exhibitors of thoroughbred stallions, 1st prize was given to Lionceau, owned by S. E. Malhoit, of Assumption; 2nd prize to Midnight, owned by E. A. Trimmer, of Bloomington. Thoroughbred mares—1st to Aurore, owned by E. A. Trimmer; 2nd to Texas Girl, owned by B. F. Hatchett, of Taylorville.

George Watt was awarded 1st premium for gentleman rider.

Miss Lola Grimes won 1st premium for lady rider, Mrs. E. S. Baker 2d.

Best carriage team in harness, 1st premium won by J. A. Campbell, who drove a beautiful team of bays; their names were "Mack" and "Charley." Billy Downing drove S. M. Lutz' bay team and won 2nd prize. There were four teams entered for this prize.

The prize for the best French draft colt with dam was given to M. Albert; 2d awarded to "Dick" owned by John Park.

M. Albert won both prizes for the best Clydesdale or shire colt with dam, Eldorado winning 1st and Mego King 2d.

Robert Patterson, of Macon, exhibited two roadster colts with dams, and secured both prizes in this class. There were four exhibitors.

Another Mile Record Broken in Decatur by Handsome Roy Wilkes.

HE GOES A FULL MILE IN 2:14 1-4

From Friday's Daily.

Confessedly the largest crowd that has ever attended a meeting of the Decatur Trotting Association was at the park yesterday afternoon to witness the somewhat exciting races and see the famous pacing stallion, Roy Wilkes, driven to a queen's taste by his owner, L. A. Davies, break the world's record for a stallion on a half mile track. The grand stand was crowded to the stairways, Wall street was alive with sports and those who wanted to see how pools were sold, and everywhere that it was possible to see the track every foot of ground was occupied. The attendance was a sight to gladden the hearts of any board of association officers. It is safe to declare that President Ullrich, Secretary Reid and Directors Caldwell, Brenneman, Maffit, Montgomery and Keller were more than pleased with the substantial recognition on the part of the city and country people for the splendid entertainment provided by the management. The way to have successful meetings is to give the public fine attractions, and the people will come out. This was demonstrated yesterday. It was a great day on the track and it was a great day for the people.

STALLION PACING RECORD BROKEN.

The management had made a big card of the appearance of *Roy Wilkes*, the thoroughbred pacing stallion, who was to go a mile to beat the world record for a stallion on a half mile track, the record of 2:16½ made by *Fred Arthur* at Ottawa, Ill., in 1889. The score card said that *Hal Pointer* had gone the mile on a half mile track in 2:14½, said to have been made at Mansfield, O., last spring, but it is known that the time there was but 2:18, and even that time is not in the books.

Roy Wilkes paced a warming up mile in 2:19 and after the 2:35 pace he was driven a mile to beat the record with a running horse in a sulky at his side. Mr. Davies brought the stallion down to the wire at the start at a slashing gait and getting the word away he went at terrific speed, while the crowd watched the exhibition of wonderful speed with the keenest interest. At the finish the enthusiasm of the crowd was at the highest pitch and when Mr. Davies got out of his sulky he was compelled to lift his cap to the applauding people. And when Col. Walker announced the time as 2:14¼, 1¼ seconds better than was made at Ottawa—and a second means about 40 feet of space for *Roy Wilkes*—the cheering was renewed so vigorously that the declaration that the record had been broken could not be heard 10 feet away from the judges' stand. On the track Mr. Davies was personally congratulated by the officers of the association and horsemen generally. Mr. Davies had his $500 stop watch in his hand throughout the trip and he knew when he had finished that he had gone the mile in 2:14¼, so he was prepared for the ovation tendered him. He informed the REPUBLICAN reporter that he could have made the mile in 2:12 and would have done so, but on going under the wire on the first half *Roy Wilkes*, who is used to going only on a mile track, thought he had gone a mile and slowed up slightly, but was made to go ahead, and a moment later, on making the first turn, *Roy* tried to break, and he was given a yell of caution which caused him to keep his feet. *Roy* knows when he reaches the wire and like all other trained horses it was natural for him to check his speed without receiving the word or the check of the lines.

ONE BALLOON WENT UP.

A stiff breeze prevailed all afternoon and but few expected that there would be a balloon ascension. There was no attempt made at any time during the afternoon to inflate the balloons, but at 6 o'clock, after the running race had been finished, Harry Hagel appeared in the judges' stand and made a speech. He said there would be no balloon race, because it would be dangerous for his sister, Miss Tillie Hagel, to make the ascension; but in order to convince the people that he was not afraid to go up he would make an ascension if 40 or 50 men would come over and help him hold the balloon until it was filled. There were plenty of volunteers, and at 6:40 the ascension was made in the presence of about 1,500 people who remained at the park patiently to witness the daring flight in the air, and Mr. Hagel clinging to the bar of the parachute cut loose and made a beautiful drop to the earth, coming down safely near the corner of Clayton and Orchard streets, and the balloon landed on the hill north of the water works.

THE RACES.

2:35 Class; pacing; purse $400:

Arch White, Henry Holly, Brook, Ind.	4	1	1	1
Joe R, by Joe Jefferson; P. W. Miles, Rushville, Ind	1	2	3	2
Dauness, by Rockway; H. M. Shaw, Springfield, Ill	2	3	4	3
J. B., Albert S. Patchen; J. B. Merril, Hindsboro, Ill	3	6	2	4
Flossie L, by Regalia; Dr. Joseph Leslie, Elwin, Ill	5	4	5	5
Ortin Russell, by Mammont Russell; Stoner & Burrows, LaPlace, Ill	6	dis		

Time—2:31¾; 2:31¼; 2:30¼, and 2:30¾.

Free-for-all trot; purse $400:

Genesee, by Fickless Longfellow; Schamb Bros., Shilo, Ohio	1	1	1
Jack Sheppard, by Anderson Wilkes; Brenneman Bros., Decatur, Ill	2	2	2

Time—2:27; 2:27, and 2:28¼.

Running race—half-mile and repeat; purse $200:

Passion	1 1
Maud S	2 2
Mart Walden	3 3
Lily Brown	4 4

Time—:51 and :50¾.

THE HORSE FAIR.

The crowd which assembled at the Association Park this morning found the weather too cool and the dust, which blew a constant gale, too thick to comfortably enjoy the exhibits and appreciate the contests for prizes. The awards were as follows:

LOT 6—ROADSTERS.

Roadster stallion, 3 year old, 1st to Gen. Jackson, owned by Brenneman Bros; 2d to Col. Hyde, owned by E. F. Jones. 2 years old, 1st was taken by a horse exhibited by James A. Veech, Sangamon, and 2d by Luckless, owned by Brenneman Bros.

Roadster mares, 3 years old, 1st to Maguette, owned by Brenneman Bros.; 2d to Lady Louise, owned by W. S. Ennis. 2 year old: 1st to Loan, owned by Brenneman Bros., and 2d by Kate Raymond, owned by W. T. Wood, of Neponset, Ill. Roadster mare, under 2 years old: 1st to Igo Me, owned by Stoner & Burrows, of LaPlace.

LOT 5—JACKS.

Jack shown by Ross & Lyman won 1st premium. There was but the one exhibited.

LOT 9—SADDLE HORSES.

Le Grand Chief, a beautiful black stallion, owned by West Beaumont, of Moweaqua, won the blue ribbon in this class. George Watt was the rider.

LOT 10—BEST LADY RIDER WITH ESCORT.

In this class there were two entries; Miss Lola Grimes, of Terre Haute, with Cliff Downing as escort, and Mrs. E. S. Baker, with E. B. Dimock as escort. The first prize was awarded to Miss Grimes, and the second fell to Mrs. E. S. Baker.

BEST LADY DRIVER.

Miss Grimes, Mrs. E. S. Baker and Mrs. J. Parke drove for the prizes in this class Miss Grimes won 1st and Mrs. E. S. Baker 2d.

NOTES.

The judges at the fair this morning were J. W. Rowell, A. W. Hardy, Thomas Smith, of Springfield, D. L. Vigue and G. W. Stoner, with Charles Hoy as clerk.

The red-hot sandwich man was kept busy this morning furnishing his sandwiches for the hungry crowd.

From Saturday's Daily.

Friday evening closed the September meeting of the Decatur Trotting Association and it goes into local history as the most successful in the way of races Decatur has ever had. The crowds were out in good shape, the entertainment every day was first-class and it is gratifying to state that the association, after paying all bills, will have money left in the treasury. This is just as it should be. Everything Decatur attempts should be a success. That is what goes to make a lively town. Everybody speaks well of Decatur and the enterprise of her citizens. Let us continue to merit the praise. Next year the size of the purses might be increased and then the presence of a greater number of fast horses would be assured. Much credit is due Secretary J. F. Reid for his sacrifice of time and his careful management and energy in arranging for the meeting. The bulk of the work devolved upon him. "Success" is his reward and his pride. "Doc" is not only a good secretary but he is a candy starter for a running race. He taps the drum quickly and the crowd likes it that way.

UP IN A BALLOON.

The balloon race between Mr. Hagel and Miss Hagel was to have come off last evening, but there was a mishap to the ropes and Mr. Hagel got left, but Miss Hagel got away in fine style. She came down north of the Wabash railroad, west of Mercer street. She tried to make the parachute drop, but the "umbrella" would not let go and she came down with the balloon safely.

THE RACES.

Free-for all pace; purse $400:

Susie Brown, b m, by Brown Hal; L. A. Davies, Chicago	1	1	1
Riley; Gee Grimes, Terre Haute	2	2	2
Walter Wilton, b s; G. A. Fuller, Lincoln	4	3	3
Richball; D. L. Hughes, Keokuk, Iowa	3	4	4

	1st Heat	2d Heat	3d Heat
1st quarter	:35¾	:36¾	:34
2nd quarter	1:10¼	1:10¾	1:12
3d quarter	1:47¾	1:47¾	1:49
4th quarter	2:22½	2:29¾	2:23¾

2:27 Class; trot; purse $400:

Martyr, b s; G. A. Fuller, Lincoln, Ill	1	1	1
Twineblender, b g; Gee Grimes, Terre Haute	2	2	2
Congo Boy, b s; I. M. West, Bloomington	dis		
Stonewall Jr, g g; Brenneman & Watt, Decatur	dis		

Time: 1st heat	:38	1:13	1:53	2:29¾
" 2d heat	:36¾	1:13	1:52¼	2:31¾
" 3d heat	:38¼	1:14	1:53	2:31

Running—Three-fourths mile dash—purse $150:

Volpurson; Thomas Keiser	1
Passion; W. & A. J. Michael	2
Texas Girl; John Martin	3
Signal; J. F. McClanard	4
Nappa, Joseph Werlean	5

Time—1:18¼.

THE LADY DRIVER.

Miss Lola Grimes, of Terre Haute, drove the pacing horse Riley to beat 2:25. She did it. The time was 2:24.

HORSE SHOW.

Just before the races there were exhibits of stallions and their get. The premiums were awarded as follows: Best roadster and five of his get; first to Anderson Wilkes, owned by Brenneman Bros.; second to Combat Joe, owned by Robert Patterson, of Macon. Martin Albert took first premium for best draft team in harness. He also got first premium for best draft stallion and five of his get. How's That was the stallion shown.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Called Him a Liar.

In the trial of the Davis will case now in progress at Butte, Mon., in which Robert G. Ingersoll and Lawyer Woodworth appeared as contesting attorneys, Mr. Woodward, in a speech last Saturday wherein he was praising the record of one of the witnesses, remarking among other things that the witness went to the war and served his country to the last and did not fall sick at the first battle and go home and never return to the conflict. Col. Ingersoll construed this to be a reference to his own military record or rather to the stories that he had abandoned the conflict at his first battle on account of cowardice, and promptly interrupted Mr. Woodworth by asking who did that. Mr. Woodward refused to be interrupted, whereupon Mr. Ingersoll replied, "I will interrupt you every time you tell a lie."

While this showed oversensitiveness on the part of Mr. Ingersoll, it must be confessed that an insinuation of the character implied and accepted by Mr. Ingersoll is very annoying to a sensitive nature like that of ordinary mortals. The stories set afloat concerning Col. Ingersoll's military record have done him injustice. It is true that Col. Ingersoll took out the 11th Illinois Cavalry in 1861, and that he resigned and came home, but while this is true it is also a fact that Ingersoll resigned after he became fully convinced that he was not a military man. He resigned June 30, 1863, after more than eighteen months active service in the field.

His regiment, while he commanded it, engaged in the battle at Bolivar, Tenn., Davis bridge, on the Hatchie River and at Jackson, Tenn., where he was captured by Forrest. These facts show that he was not disposed to run away from the enemy. An officer of the regiment is authority for the statement that when Col. Ingersoll resigned he stated that he did so because he did not have ability of the kind necessary to command a regiment, that he was not cut out for a military man.

It is fair to assume that these are the facts which led to Col. Ingersoll's resignation and they are altogether creditable to him. If more men, who were officers by the accident of having, by virtue of their popularity in civil life, organized regiments, who proved to be utterly useless and absolutely dangerous as commanders, had had the good sense to resign, thousands of lives might have been saved and many incidents on the field disgraceful to the federal arms might have been avoided. The fact that all men who had power to acquire rank, not the result of distinguished service on the field, were not competent to safely command men will be attested by every soldier who bore arms. And yet hundreds of incompetent men retained commands until such men as Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, who had the courage to weed them out, got hold of things. We repeat that while in some essential and important matters we do not agree with Col. Ingersoll, it is unjust to him to accuse him of cowardice because he resigned his commission, and he is justifiable in resenting such imputations with some degree of warmth.

Death at St. Mary's Hospital.

Reuben A. Gruenendike, aged 73 years, died at St. Mary's Hospital to-day, Sept. 9th. Deceased was the father of Mrs. George D. Haworth, Fred A., Frank P. and Edward H. Gruenendike, and had been confined to his room for about eight months with Bright's disease. He was not confined to his bed all the time. Mr. Gruenendike was born in New York, and for a number of years was quite a prominent miller in western New York. In 1861 he removed from the east to Salem, Ill., in which year he enlisted in the 49th Illinois Regiment, of which William R. Morrison was the first colonel. He was a member of Company D, John W. Brokaw, first captain, and served bravely until 1864, when he was transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps. In the service he was engaged in several important battles, and was severely wounded at the first day's fight at Shiloh, from which injury he never recovered. The body will be taken to Litchfield, Ill., for interment

Camp-Meeting at the Tyler Farm

From Tuesday's Daily

A tent meeting begins to-night, conducted by Bro. W. W. Devore, of McConnellville, O., on the Tyler farm, six miles east of Decatur and one and a half miles west of Long Creek. The tent is stretched in the grove south of the railroad. Meetings will continue over Lord's day, on which day there will be a basket dinner. Services at 11 o'clock in the morning, 3 o'clock in the afternoon and at night. All are invited to come; welcome to all.

Rev. Devore is a member of the Christian church.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor, Secretary Decatur Grain Company:

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—22,000; slow.
Cattle—16,000; steady.
GRAIN—Car lots—
Wheat 555; Corn 490; Oats 330.

	SEPT.	DEC.	MAY.
WHEAT	$ .91⅛	$ .95⅜	$1.02⅝
CORN	.63¼	.55¼	.45¼
OATS	.—	Oct—.28⅛	.32⅝

	OCT.	JAN.
PORK	$10.57½	$13.15
LARD	6.75	7.10
RIBS	6.90	6.87½

PEOPLE from the country and adjoining towns who come to Decatur on Barnum Day will have an excellent opportunity to see a great play at the Grand Opera House. The McLean & Prescott company will appear that evening at the Grand in their great play, "Cleopatra."

LABOR DAY IN DECATUR

THE FIRST PUBLIC DEMONSTRATION AND BASKET PICNIC.

Fair Showing of the Industrial Strength of the City—Exercises at Riverside Park.

From Monday's Daily.

This is Labor Day throughout the United States, by statutory enactment made a legal holiday in the state of Illinois. It is the one week day in the year on which the toilers of all trades may take a day off for recreation and pleasure, a day when they may unite in a public demonstration to show their strength and join together with their families in picnic and other diversions.

Decatur workingmen had their first public demonstration and parade to-day, and it was a very creditable display for the first parade. Next year it will be much larger. There were about 275 men in line as the procession passed the REPUBLICAN office. The line of march was west from South Park street, north on Water to Eldorado, west to Church, south to Prairie Avenue, west to Pine, south to West Main, east across Lincoln Square to Water street, south to Wood, where the marchers and friends took the Short Line cars for Riverside Park to hear the speeches and enjoy the picnic dinner provided by the ladies.

THE PARADE.

The procession moved in the following order:

O. W. Ruckle, Chief Marshal.
Goodman's Band.
Carpenters' and Joiners' Union No. 788, in charge of H. M. Canfield, wearing white aprons lettered "L. U. 788," also carrying banners and flags.
Decatur Plumbers, carrying light canes, in charge of Joe Brewster, banner inscribed Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters.
Decatur Plasterers, 26 in number, in working suits, in charge of H. M. McKown and J. H. Oren.
Cigarmakers' Union, No 29, about 75 in number, wearing Union Blue Label badges, with President Geo. J. Busteed in charge. Banner, "Smoke Union Label Cigars."
Decatur Typographical Union, No. 215, with banner, 20 men in line, with W. I. Lowry in charge.
Decatur Harness and Saddle Makers, about 40 men, in charge of Joe Ricketts.
Banner inscribed "Union Scale, Eight Hours, No Convict Labor.—Saddle Makers."
Wayne Sulkeyette Company Employes, in charge of A. Lindamood, drawing four model sulkeyettes.
Banner inscribed "Famous Speeding Cart, the Wayne Sulkyette, made at Decatur, Ill."

AT THE PARK.

President Canfield called the assembly to order and introduced A. Q. Garrett, preceptor of the Carpenters' Union, in the absence of Hon. Ed Lynch, of Lincoln, who was advertised to deliver the opening address. Mr. Garrett said: Labor Day is set apart for the recreation and instruction of workingmen. It is true that laboring men have not risen to the plane that some think they should occupy. Business men are trying to keep laboring men down to the level of the brute, but by such meetings as this we expect to elevate labor. Here we meet to day with our families, and it is to be hoped that all will have a good time.

The band played a selection, after which the president introduced Ethelbert Stewart, who made a very interesting address of about forty minutes' duration He was frequently applauded during its delivery. He told the working men that the labor question came up at the beginning of this country; that there were labor organizations in New York in 1803; the demand then was a reduction of hours from 14 to 12. That afterward hours were reduced from 12 to 10 hours, and that the 8 hour labor day will surely be adopted. He said the labor agitation was not a revolution, but an effort to adjust labor to a revolution already accomplished, the revolution wrought by labor saving machinery of to-day. He held that the only way to adjust these conditions satisfactory is for labor to have an interest in the machinery which has supplanted labor. To accomplish this organization and harmony is necessary. Manufacturers can make no money unless they organize trusts. The principle in a sense is right, and argues that labor to acquire its rights and a profit must ultimately resolve itself into a gigantic trust with Uncle Sam as trustee. Wannamaker is right in his view of government control of the telegraph lines and yet I heard a Democratic labor man say he was opposed to Wannamaker's plan because Wannamaker is a Republican. This is nonsense. When any man strikes a principle in harmony with ours we should endorse it. We must learn to do our own thinking independently. Every man must learn to carry his own think tank under his own hat. These reforms may not come in our lifetime, but they will—they must come—for to day a man starting in life with nothing but his hands is not as certain of a living as the American Indian was with his bow in 1492. We may not reap the benefits of our work, but we, like the soldiers written of by Carlyle, who, when dead, filled the impassable ditch until the living charged over them and took the fort. We may not be able to take the fort, but may help fill the ditch.

Following the address of Mr. Stewart the band played a selection, after which Mrs. E. Stewart read an interesting extract from the last speech of Victor Hugo to the workingmen of France. Mrs. Stewart did justice to the extract and was applauded at the close of the reading. All then prepared to partake of a picnic dinner.

The afternoon will be spent in listening to music and recitations. The meeting is regarded as a success and presages larger meetings in the future. Fully 500 heard the speaking.

NOTES.

Many flags were unfurled from public buildings in honor of Labor Day.

W. F. Martin's martial band was at the park this afternoon.

AFTER the parade to-day the plumbers in the Labor Day procession were presented with a box of cigars, with the compliments of James Halpin. It was the first turn-out for the plumbers.

From Tuesday's Daily.

After the proceedings reported in the REPUBLICAN yesterday those attending the workingmen's picnic assembled in the auditorium at Riverside Park about 2 o'clock p. m.

The first speech after dinner was delivered by Rev. E. B. Cake, of the Christian church, of this city. He spoke of the principles which should control all organizations, laying great emphasis upon the fact that if both capital and labor should yield obedience to the rule of doing unto others as you would have others do unto you, there could be no conflict between them, and consequently no strife.

After Mr. Cake had taken his seat Mr. Stewart was called out for another speech. He responded in a fifteen or twenty minutes talk, in which he stated that the country is not in as much danger from the 75 anarchists who used to make bombs as from the 3,000 anarchists who compose what is known as the Board of Trade of Chicago. He urged the workingmen of Decatur to organize.

He said the last Legislature had passed the anti-truck store bill, but that the Supreme Court would call it unconstitutional. The men who passed the bill knew it was not worth the paper it was written on. A half-dozen laws of the same kind were passed in such a way as to be useless; the Australian Ballot law will give the laboring man a chance to vote as he pleases. The speaker then paid a tribute to John Lindsay, a man with a heart as big as he was; his principles were right and his purposes honest.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Stewart's address Rev. J. Hill announced the continuation of his revival meetings at Riverside Park, which was supplemented by some remarks in the interest of labor, after which the exercises were closed.

Those who took part in this meeting in the afternoon were all well pleased and encouraged by the attendance, which amounted to fully 1000 and expect that the first Monday of September, 1892, will witness a monster meeting in Decatur.

BISMARCK has the neuralgia, Diaz is regaining his health, Spurgeon grows weaker daily, Senator Quay is troubled with sleeplessness, the Kaiser again has earache, and Gladstone isn't feeling very well.

That Your Hair
may be all
its youthful color,
fullness, and beauty,
dress it daily
with
Ayer's Hair Vigor
It cleanses the
scalp, cures humors,
and stimulates a
new growth
of hair
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Lowell, Mass.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

For Sale

Two fine Macon County Farms and other lands, at special bargains. JOHN A. BROWN,
July23 wtf Court House Block.

CORD WOOD.—Wanted, ten cords of good jackoak wood at LOEB'S FOUNDRY, on East Cerro Gordo street. aug27-w1mo

PUBLIC SALE OF STOCK—On September 16, 1891, at the residence of J. M. Moffett, 3½ miles northwest of Boody, Ill., on the Springfield road, consisting mostly of Morgan horses one 4-year-old stallion, 16½ hands high, weight 1250, well broke and good breeder, sired by Sam Weller; brood mares and colts, yearling and 2-year-old colts; a few cattle, one Holstein bull, one Holstein cow and calf; a few Poland boars. Twelve months' time without interest Lunch at noon Sale will begin at 11 o'clock. J. L. Ward, auctioneer. J. M. MOFFETT, Boody, Illinois aug27-w3

PUBLIC SALE OF STOCK AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS.—The undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence, two and one half miles northeast of Decatur, on Tuesday, Sept 15, 1891, the following described property Four brood mares in foal, three 2-year-old geldings, one 3-year-old gelding, one 2-year old filley, two weanlings Six milk cows, all good and in full milk; two yearlings; one 2 year old Shorthorn bull. Twelve Poland China brood sows, twelve young hogs, weighing 200 pounds each; thirty-five shoats, good and smooth; one thoroughbred Poland China boar. Two 2-horse wagons, one spring wagon, one Deering binder, one corn planter and check rower, one Buckeye mower, one sulkey hay rake, one New Deal breaking plow, one riding plow, one harrow, two cultivators, one hay ladder, three sets of double harness, road cart and harness, one stalk rake, twenty tons of hay in barn, one wheat drill, and other articles not mentioned. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a m Free lunch at noon Terms—A credit of twelve months will be given on all sums over $5; $5 and under cash in hand.
HENRY CASSELL.
J. A. Cochran, Auctioneer. 10w1

A RARE CHANCE!
For Sale for Cash
80 Acres of the Armstrong Farm
One mile west of Arcola, Douglas County, Illinois. This property can now be sold at the cost price of building the two-story, attic and stone basement dwelling house thereon, thus actually giving a purchaser the 80 acres of excellent tile-drained land, the first class barns, windmill, outbuildings, green house, and other valuable improvements FREE OF CHARGE.
Further particulars can be had by addressing
PERCY W. ARMSTRONG,
Sept8-w1t Arcola, Ill.

HARD AT WORK.

The County Senators Continue in Session—Grand Jury.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The September meeting of the Macon County Board of Supervisors was called to order at the court house at 2 o'clock this afternoon, Chairman C. H. Garver presiding. One member of the board, Supervisor Bell, was absent. The minutes of the July meeting were read and approved.

The Macon county board was invited to attend the State supervisors' meeting to be held at Peoria, beginning Jan. 12, 1892. In compliance with a motion Supervisors Singleton, Muldoon and Burley were appointed as delegates; county to pay expenses.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The business meeting of the Macon county board of supervisors was resumed in the circuit court room this forenoon. A large number of claims for goods sold for the poor were read, as was also the quarterly jail claim of Sheriff Perl for $836.84, which bills were referred to appropriate committees. The court fees in the appeal cases of Downing, McGonigle and Finn & Delahunty went to the judiciary committee.

GRAND JURY.

The following were selected to serve as members of the September grand jury:

Austin—James P. Corn.
Blue Mound—W. T. Moffett.
Decatur—Robert Rogan, James Freeman, J. W. Sanner, Philip Reubsamen.
Harristown—F. M. Moon.
Hickory Point—John Park.
Illini—James Corcoran.
Long Creek—John E. Rucker, Wm. H Girl.
Maroa—M. P. Funk, Joseph Meyer.
Milam—Thomas Gabriel.
Mt Zion—Milo Thomas.
Niantic—John Froman.
Oakley—J. W. Vanigamott.
Pleasant View—Amos Reedy.
Macon—W. P. Casherwood, James Paterson
Wheatland—Hiram Ward.
Whitmore—Wm. A. Brooks.
Friends Creek—Samuel Hillbrant.

$1,749.74 FOR CHARITY.

For the quarter ending September 8, Overseer W. A. Holman made the following report of expenditures:

Coal	$ 265 00
Provisions	1532 25
Transportation	90 62
Shoes to 16 persons	19 25
Burying paupers	55 00
Feeding transients	16 45
Dry goods and clothing	16 17
	$1749 74

Fifteen persons were sent to the poor house and four died.

BOOTHS.

The report of the special committee that it had bought 87 steel voting booths of George D. Barnard & Co., of St. Louis, for $674 25, was approved.

A warrant was drawn in favor of C. A. Moses, contractor on the new court house, for $7,776, being part payment on the court house contract, warrant made payable May 1, '92. The building committee reported that Mr. Moses had offered to do extra work on the court house foundation for $5,700 and that the committee had signed a contract to have the work done for $5000. The action of the committee was approved. It was also reported that a few changes would be made in the construction of the building, in the tower, in the rooms of the tower, in the supports and entrances, without extra charge. Approved.

Gone West.

This morning Agent Peniwell sent the following parties west on excursion rates: Geo. Logan, Pierson; R. O. Burrows, Decatur; B. A. Burrows, Hervey City; M. H. Burrows, Elwin; Ed Vollmer, Macon, N. Stickle, Macon; Con Rouse, Dalton City; J. F. Huber, Dalton City; W. B. Cracroft, Elwin; F. S. Cracroft, Elwin.

Harvest Excursion.

On September 15th and 29th, the P. D. & E. will sell excursion tickets to points west, northwest and southwest; $9.40 to Kansas City and St. Joe, Mo., for the round trip. Through chair cars from Decatur to Kansas City. For rates and tickets call on T. Penniwell, 110 Library Block, or C. O. Judson, Union depot, Decatur, Ill., 7d&w1w.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY } ss.

In the County Court, of the August Term, A. D. 1891,

In the matter of the estate of Samuel T. Tiery, deceased.

vs.

Nancy A. Beckman, et al.

Petition to sell real estate to pay debts.

Public notice is hereby given that by virtue of the order and decree of said court in said cause rendered at said term, I, Albion Daggett, as the executor of the estate of the said Samuel T. Tiery, deceased, will, on

SATURDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1891.

at the hour of three o'clock on the afternoon of said day, at the premises in the city of Macon, Macon County, Illinois, at public vendue, sell to the highest and best bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit

The south half of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-three in township fifteen, north, and range two (2), east of the Third Principal Meridian.

Upon the following terms, to-wit: Cash in hand on day of sale.

ALBION DAGGETT,
Executor, Etc.
Mills Bros. & Mills, Sol's for petitioners. s3d&w4w

Attachment Notice.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY. } ss

In the Circuit Court of said County to the September Term, A. D. 1891.

Joseph Strong and Anthony G. Blake, doing business and under the firm name of Joseph Strong & Co. vs. Theodore A. Stecher—Attachment.

Affidavit of the non-residence of the said defendant having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, therefore notice is hereby given to you, Theodore A. Stecher, that Joseph Strong and Anthony G. Blake, doing business under the firm name of Joseph Strong & Co., have caused a writ of attachment to be issued out of said court, and levied upon your estate for the sum of thirteen and twenty two one-hundredths dollars, returnable on the fourth Monday of September, which suit is now pending. Now, unless you shall appear in said Court to be held on the 28th day of September, 1891, in the Circuit Court room in the city of Decatur, in said county, and give bail and plead, as required by law, judgment will be entered against you, and the estate so attached will be disposed of as is provided by law.

September 7th, 1891.
E. MCCLELLAN, Clerk.
JOHN H. MCCOY, Attorney. sep9-w3w

THE CHILDREN'S FRIEND.

Barnum & Bailey Coming to Delight and Instruct Them.

After charming the little princesses of England, daughters of the Prince of Wales, and hosts of the children of the nobility of Europe, Barnum & Bailey are going to cause a flutter in the hearts of the little folks in this city, by bringing their Show here, and what a wealth of wonders and embarrassment of features Barnum & Bailey have collected for exhibition in their Greatest Show on Earth this year! The wonder is, not that they exist, but that they can crowd so much into their tents and show them all in one day. Cages, steam musical chariots and others, wild beasts, horses in the horse fair, trained animals, herds of elephants, hippodrome races, three circus companies, two menageries, aviary, 1200 performers, an army of employes, and, in fact, everything that money can buy. Besides all this, "Nero, or the Destruction of Rome," undoubtedly the most instructive, as well as the grandest spectacle, ever produced; familiarizing the mind of the youth of the country with the customs of old Rome, with Arabian horses, arms, religious articles, and all the accoutrements and paraphernalia belonging to the days of glorious old Rome. Four trains with 64 railroad cars, more in reality than was ever exhibited before in any country at one time, all of new, bright, rich and grand, and the tone of the whole pure, moral and conspicuously clean. Barnum & Bailey have certainly a great show, and they are both great men, as well as being the benefactors of the public and the teachers of the children.

The whole undivided Shows will be here on Friday, September 18th, and the great free street parade will take place in the forenoon.

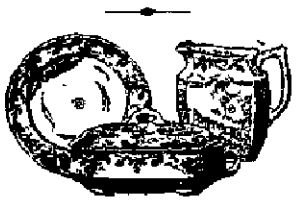
Wedded at Long Creek.

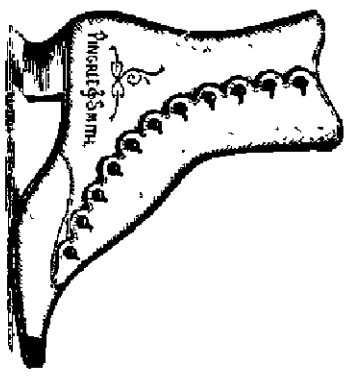
The wedding of Mr. George McDonald and Miss Lula Gabbert, both of Long Creek, was celebrated on Sunday, Sept. 6th, at the M. E. Church in Long Creek township by Rev C. G. Wood, of Decatur.

SALLOW and leaden-hued complexions soon give place to the loveliest pink-and-white, when the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is persisted in, and cosmetics entirely abandoned. Nothing can counterfeit the rosy glow of perfect health, which blesses those who use this medicine.

Weaver & Lewis,
THE FAIR
CROCKERY DEPARTMENT.
We have added three New Decorations to our stock.
OPEN STOCK PATTERNS,
Very little higher than white goods.

THE CALEDONIA WARE.

—THE BERLIN GARLAND.—
Plates, 45c, 55c, 65c. Hand Teas 75c set

—THE SPRING TIME.—
112 Pieces, - - - $8.50
Do you Enjoy a Good Cup of Tea?
Nothing like the Ceylon Teas—Pure vs. Poison
If made right you will like it. For a limited time, to get it placed on the market, we will sell you a quarter or or half pound to give it a test.
If you prefer Coffee buy our
—PATENT DRIP POT,—
The Best Made.
New Novelties for the Kitchen
RECEIVED EVERY DAY.
1000 Handsome Goblets, 3½c each.
500 Tin-Top Jellies, 3½c each.
Bargains for Everybody !
THE FAIR
—OF—
Weaver & Lewis.

SCHOOL
SCHOOL
SCHOOL
SHOES
WAGGONER ❋ ❋ & DOWNING
THE LEADERS, ❋
Have just opened 75 cases of SCHOOL SHOES.
NOW,
Girls and Boys, we give you a very Handsome and Useful
+ SOUVENIR +
when you buy a pair of our SCHOOL SHOES.
We carry all grades, widths and sizes, in spring and heels.
Come and see our Great Line of PINGREE & SMITH'S CELEBRATED SCHOOL SHOES.

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